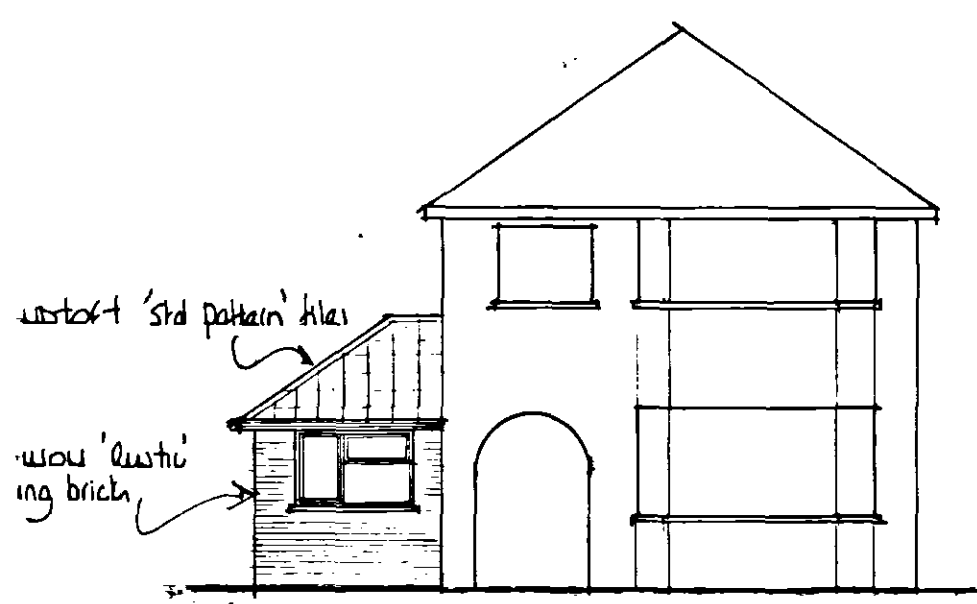
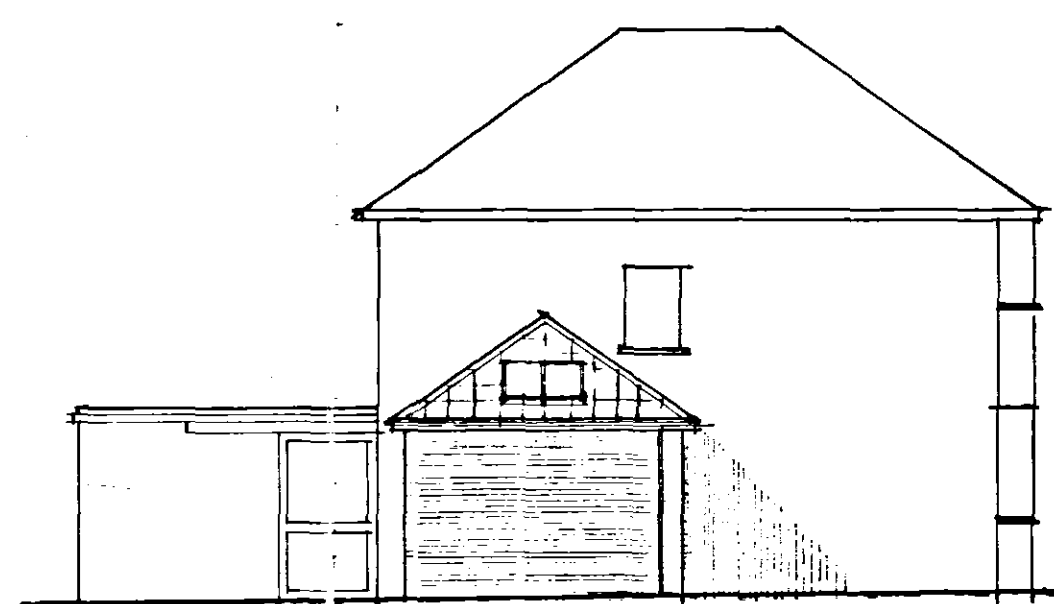
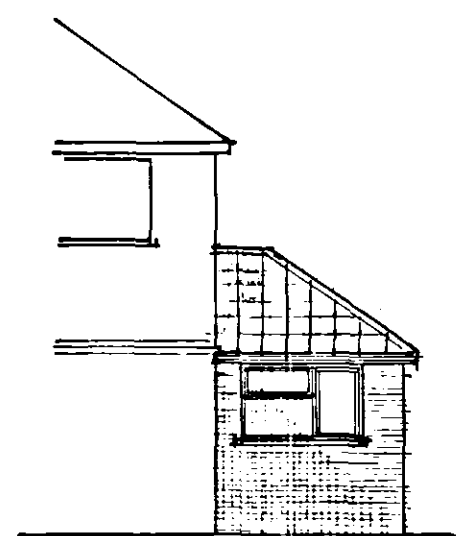




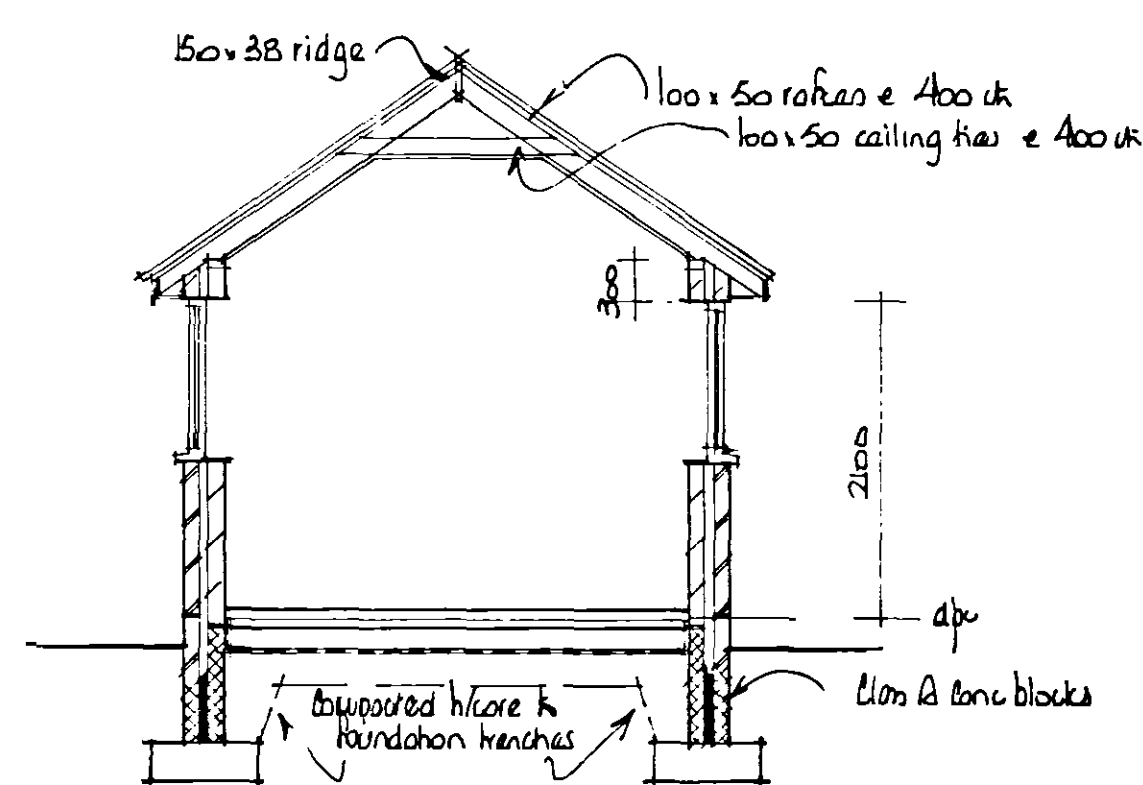
north



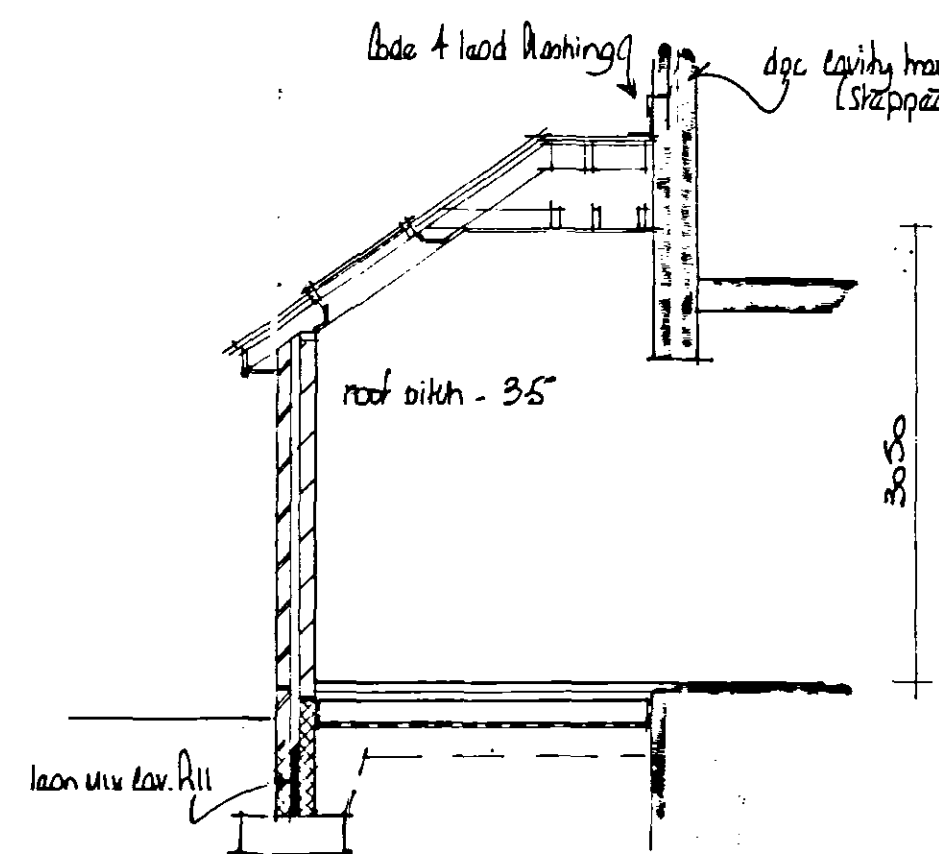
east



south



A-A



B-B

FOUNDATIONS

Foundations to be ST4 grade concrete

For 275mm walls foundations to be 700 x 230mm

Foundations to be taken down to a firm loadbearing strata, a min. 1.0m if in shrinkable sub soil, in accordance with the requirements of the Local Authority Building Control Dept. and in accord with the NHBC guidelines for building near trees. Site soil surveys are recommended in respect of foundations to establish specific site conditions before foundation work is undertaken.

FLOOR CONSTRUCTION

Ground
65mm sand/cement screed reinforced with chicken wire mesh
500g polythene separating membrane
48mm Celotex GA2000 floor insulation
100mm ST4 grade oversite concrete
1200g polythene damp proof membrane
25mm sand blinding
100mm compacted hard-core - if in excess of 100mm fill, to a max. 600mm, the hard-core is to be laid and compacted in layers not exceeding 150mm.
Strip off all vegetable soil beneath proposal.

WALL CONSTRUCTION

Below Ground

To be 100mm Class A concrete blocks
Cavity to be filled to 225mm below lowest dpc level with lean mix concrete

Above Ground

To be 275mm o/a constructed as follows :-

100mm facing brick (to be FL quality below dpc level)
50m cavity
75mm Dntherm cavity wall insulation
100mm loadbearing insulation blocks i.e. Tarmac
Toplite standard, k = 0.15

All to be tied together using stainless steel wall ties positioned at distance not exceeding 900mm horizontally, 450mm vertically and staggered. To be at every block course vertically at all returns and reveals.

Internal finish to be 12mm render with gypsum plaster skim finish to give a 'U' value of 0.303W/mK

DPC in Walls

To be a min. 150mm above finished ground level
An insulating vertical cavity closer and dpc, i.e. Thermabate, is to be provided to all cavity closures. A dpc cavity tray, stepped as applicable, is to be constructed within the wall immediately above an abutment.

LINTELS

Lintels to be Catnic, or similar and equivalent, to have a min. 150mm end bearing and be installed in strict accordance with manufacturers instructions with a dpc cavity tray over where applicable.

Lintels to be protected with min. 15mm gypsum plaster skim finish to give a min. half hour fire protection.

WINDOWS & DOORS

Windows and doors to be purpose made aluminium, or similar and approved, double glazed using glass having a soft low E coating with an emissivity value of 0.05 with 12mm air gap to sealed units and weather stripped. 'U' value of double glazing to be 2.0W/m²K. Double glazing manufacturers certificate to be provided to prove compliance of the glazing to that specified.

Windows to habitable rooms are to incorporate a controllable trickle vent of 8000mm².

Glazing to windows less than 800mm and doors (include sidelights to doors) less than 1500mm above floor level is to be laminated or toughened glass in accord with BS6206 : 1981.

WINDOW/DOOR & LINTEL SCHEDULE

Location	window/door ref.	lintel ref.	length
1	1615	1050	CG70/100 1950
2	1615	1050	CG70/100 1950
3	2no Velux rooflights ref.	CO2	

VENTILATION

All habitable rooms are to have windows containing opening vents, the combined total of which is equal to not less than 1/20th of the floor area of the room.

The kitchen is to be mechanically ventilated direct to the external air. The capacity of the extractor is to be 60 litres/sec or 30 litres/sec if in a cooker hood.

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

The electrical installation is to be carried out by an electrician registered with NICEIC, ECA or NAPIT. The electrician is to issue a design, installation and test certificate under BS7671 upon completion of the works.

Any electrical fitting indicated on the drawing in a position contravening these regulations must be relocated in order to achieve full compliance.

All switches, sockets, tv points and telephone jackpoints are to be located at a height between 450 and 1200mm above finished floor level.

External light fittings i.e. porch etc. are to be controlled by the fitting of passive infra red's with bulkhead fittings having sockets that can only be used with lamps having an efficacy greater than 40 lumens per circuit-watt.

HOT WATER/CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM

Thermostatic radiator valves are to be installed with a room thermostat provided to switch off the boiler when there is no demand for heating or hot water.

All pipes not contributing to useful heat requirements are to be insulated using an insulation material with a thermal conductivity not exceeding 0.45W/mk and a thickness equal to the external diameter of the pipe up to a max. of 40mm.

DRAINAGE

Surface

Excavate for and lay in where indicated 100mm diam. flexible jointed UPVC drains on 100mm pea gravel bed from 100mm diam. upturned bend at base of downpipe to surface water soakaway.

Form soakaway where indicated a min. 5.0m from the nearest building. Excavate 1200 x 1200 x 1200mm deep, backfill with brick rubble to 300mm below ground level, lay in sheet polythene and make up with vegetable soil.

Foul

Supply and install proprietary upvc inspection chambers on 100mm pea gravel bed in strict accordance with manufacturers instructions. Inspection chambers to conform to the following sizes :-

Depth	Internal diam	Cover diam
.6m or less	190mm	190mm
1.0m or less	450 mm	450mm
1.5m or less	1050mm	600mm
over 1.5m	1200mm	600mm

Excavate for and expose the existing drain where it passes beneath the proposal. Remove extg clay drain and replace with one continuous length of UPVC pipe on 100mm pea gravel bed at a gradient of 1 : 70.

Where 100mm diam. drains pass through walls they are to be protected by the use of a lintel over. Both sides the wall to be masked with rigid sheet material with 50mm clearance of the pipe and the void filled with compressible material to prevent entry of gas.

Where flexible pipes are not under a road and have less than 600mm cover they are to have concrete paving slabs with a compressible filler laid as bridging above the pipes for protection and are to have a min. 75mm granular material between the top of the pipe and the underside of the compressible filler.

Where flexible pipes are under a road/drive with less than 900mm cover reinforced concrete bridging is to be used instead of paving slabs.

Install where indicated trapped (roddable) gullies - waste pipes to discharge below grating level and above water level.

Install 40mm diam. pvc waste to sink with 75mm deep trap.
All waste pipes to have rodding access at each change of direction and be readily accessible throughout their length.

Above ground drainage to comply with BS5272 : 1978
Below ground drainage to comply with BS8301 : 1985

All drainage items are to be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturers instructions.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION

Tile

The roof is to be covered with interlocking concrete roof tiles fixed in strict accordance with manufacturers instructions.

Battens

Approved quality tanalised s/w battens, 38 x 25mm, are to be laid at a gauge suitable for the tiles and fixed with 90 x 3.35mm wire nails. Battens should be at least 1.2m in length and should be of sufficient length to be supported at each end and intermediately by at least three rafters, trusses or walls. Butt joints over intermediate supports should be staggered and the ends must be sawn.

Underlay

Approved breathable membrane, ie Tyvak or similar, is to be laid over the rafters lapped 150mm at the joints and secured with clout nails. The underlay should extend over the fascia board and into the eaves gutter. In order to prevent water traps behind the fascia it is recommended that a strip of 6mm marine plywood is provided to support the underlay. The ply is to be laid over the rafters and under the roofing felt positioned as close as possible to the last tiling batten and secured to the fascia.

Eaves

Eaves are to be formed with standard size tiles and purpose made eave fillers must be nailed to the fascia board. Eave tiles must be laid at the same pitch as the main body of tiling and should overhang the fascia by an amount sufficient to ensure that the water discharges into the centre of the gutter.

Verges

Verges are to be formed with 150mm wide asbestos cement strip onto which is bedded the tiles which form the verge projecting approx. 50mm over bargeboards or gable brickwork.

Ridge

The ridge is to be covered with segmental ridge tiles of the same colour as the main body of tiling, unless specified otherwise, and secured using a proprietary ventilated dry ridge system having ventilation equivalent to a continuous 6mm gap.

Hips

Hips should be covered with Marley segmental ridge tiles of similar colour and texture to that of the main roof tiles. The tiling should be cut closely to the rake of the hip and the ridge tiles bedded, with solid bedding at butt joints, onto the adjacent roof tile.

A galv. hip iron, 6mm thick, should be fixed at the base of the hip tree with 2No 2.65mm diam. screws.

The first hip tile should be shaped at the foot to the line of tiling at the eaves and the fair end filled with mortar inset with pieces of tile and neatly pointed.

The junction of the hip and ridge should be mitred using a standard three way mitre and solid bedding.

Abutments

The tiling is to be cut closely at abutments and weathered by Code 4 lead flashing dressed down over the tiles and up the abutment a min. 150mm

Mortar

All bedding mortar is to consist of 3 parts sharp sand to 1 part Portland cement and should be struck off to give a smooth face and pointed in one operation.

Insulation

Provide and fix TRI-ISO Super 9 insulation to underside rafters and ceiling ties in accord with manufacturers instructions and specifications. Counter batten and plasterboard with skim finish

Ceilings

12.7mm foil backed plasterboard, fixed in accordance with manuf. instructions with all necessary noggins etc.,

Rainwater Goods

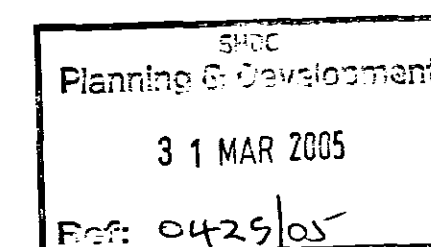
Supply and fix 115mm PVC gutters to fascia with all necessary brackets, stop ends, outlets etc.

Supply and fix 64mm PVC downpipes securely clipped to walls at 1800mm cts with all necessary offsets, swannecks, adaptors etc. and taken into 100mm diam. upturned bend at base.

STRAPPING

Where rafters, floor joist and ceiling ties run parallel to walls they are to be strapped at 1800mm cts. Straps to be fixed to a min. 3No rafters etc., having nogged between beforehand, and hooked into the cavity a min. 150mm. Similar straps to be used at 1800mm cts to hold down the wall plate.

Straps to be 30 x 6mm galv. m.s.



**EAST MIDLANDS
DESIGN ASSOC.**

Architectural Consultants

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Client
Mr M & Mrs J Lottier

Project
Extension to Willow Lodge At
75 Postland Road
Cleckheaton
Petersborough

Drawing
Plans, Sections
&
Elevations.

Scale
1:50, 1:100 & 1:250

Date
March '05

Drawn
AL

04/21/01

existing
ground floor plan

proposed

roof plan

block plan

**DETERMINED
PLAN**