

● FW Inspection Chamber

— — — Foul Drain 100 mm at 1 : 40 fall

Do NOT scale from this drawing or any other prepared by JDA in connection with this project

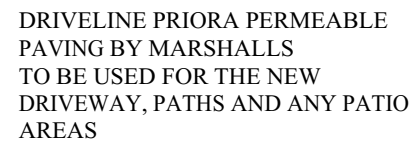
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The Contractor is to check all dimensions on site and report any discrepancies PRIOR TO commencing work.

All details shown on this drawing are based upon typical site conditions related to the area. No responsibility can be accepted for abnormal conditions unless they have been reported in detail so that design amendments may be considered.

All works and materials are to be in full accordance with current British Standards, Building Regulations, Agreement Certificates and Manufacturers printed instructions.

All Building Regulations inspections are to be carried out at the appropriate stages of work.



The development will incorporate a SUDS system including rainwater harvesting for each property (with overflow soakaways), permeable paving, filter strips, minimal paved surfaces, maximised infiltration methods.

The maximum acceptable depth for infiltration SuDS is 2.0 m below ground level, with a minimum of 1.2 metres clearance between the base of infiltration SuDS and peak seasonal groundwater levels.

The SuDS scheme will be designed to ensure that the health and safety of people and animals is not put at risk.

Infiltration Solution :
Use proprietary modular attenuation cells (lightweight plastic structures with high void ratio) - Polystorm by Polypipe or similar approved by Building Control

methods of disposal. The effect of this is that applicants can no longer simply choose to discharge rainwater to a sewer - even where a separate surface water sewer exists. If it is reasonably practicable to use either a soak away or a watercourse - then applicants must do so.

Soakaways need to be designed. Details of rainwater intensity, porosity tests and storage capacity are now included in the Approved Document, as are details of swales, filter drains and detention ponds that may also be used.

The effective roof areas, for any given roof pitch, have been changed. Gutter sizes may therefore need to increase accordingly.

Syphonic and eaves drop systems are now included in the Approved Document guidance.

Certain paved areas (disabled access routes, common access areas and routes to waste bins) must either be free draining (away from buildings) or pervious to allow water to soak away. If this is not possible then gullies/channels need to be provided.

Areas that may produce contaminated drainage need to be kept separate for treatment. For example, areas that may be affected by petrol or oil spillage should drain in the first instance to an oil interceptor.

'The requirements of H3 will be met if rainwater soaking into the ground is distributed sufficiently so that it does not damage foundations of the proposed building or adjacent structures'.

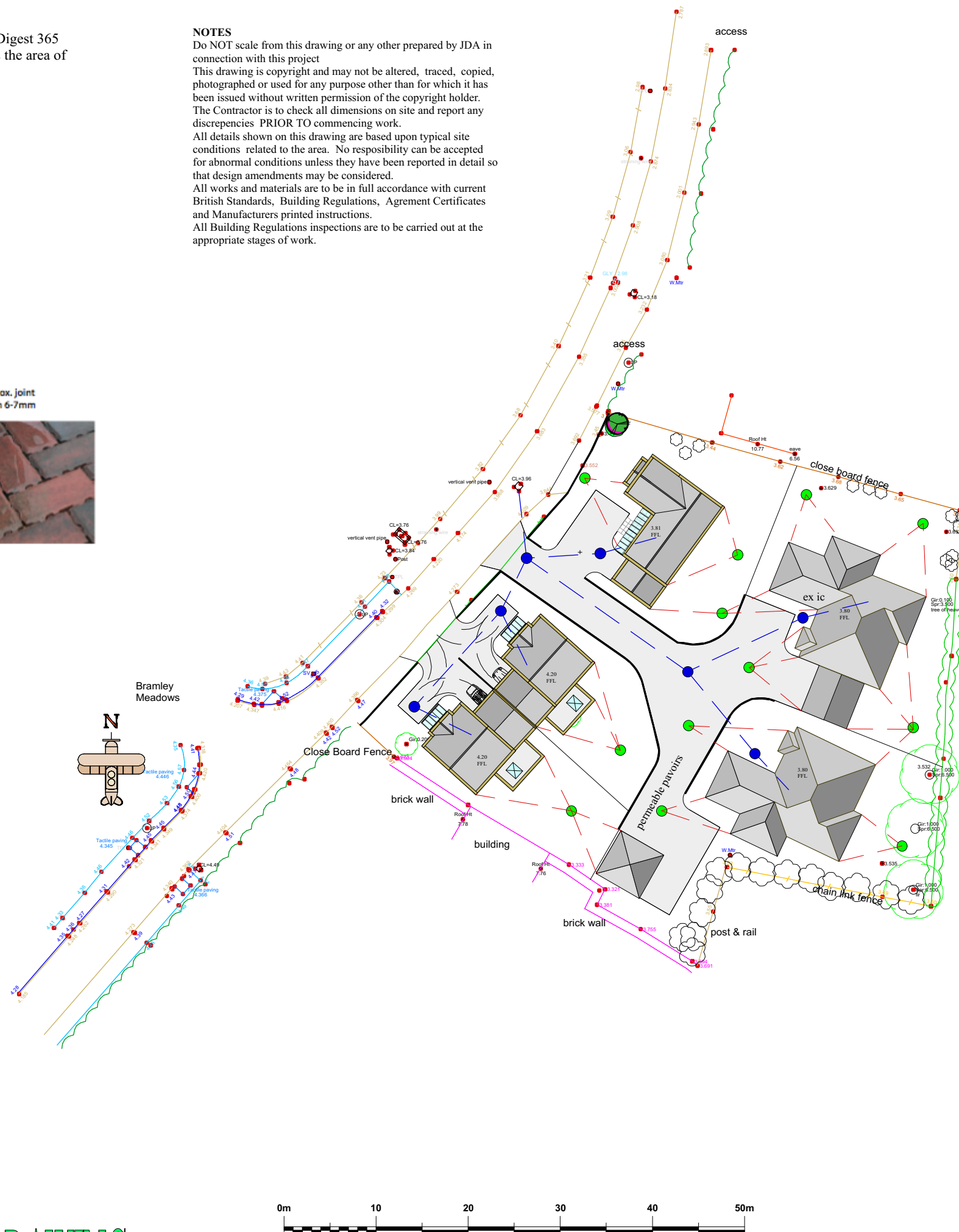
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**Proposed Residential Development at
Millhaven, Lowgate, Gedney
Lincs PE12 0BL**

Drawing :
Foul and Storm Drainage

Client : Mrs L. Sale
September 2017
Scale 1 To 500

Drawing No JDA/2017/880/DRAINAGE.001



PLANNING APPLICATION DRAWING