FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT
FOR RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AT
STAR LANE, HOLBEACH BANK

FINAL REPORT

ECL1535/GR MERCHANT LTD

DATE MAY 2025

ELLINGHAM CONSULTING LTD
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DISCLAIMER
This document has been prepared solely as a Flood Risk Assessment in support of a planning application for proposed residential development at Star Lane, Holbeach Bank. "Ellingham Consulting Ltd" accepts no responsibility or liability whatsoever for any use made of this document other than by the client "GR Merchant Ltd" for the purposes it was originally commissioned and prepared. All comments and opinions made are based upon information available to "Ellingham Consulting Ltd" during the necessary investigative process, and the conclusions and recommendations, could therefore, differ in the event of material subsequently being found erroneous, incomplete, or misleading. "Ellingham Consulting Ltd" therefore, accepts no liability should this prove to be the case.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Flood Risk Assessment has been prepared in accordance with National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and supporting planning practice guidance (PPG) on Flood Risk and Coastal Change.

In areas at risk of flooding or for sites of 1 hectare or more, developers are required to undertake a site-specific Flood Risk Assessment to accompany an application for planning permission. This Flood Risk Assessment has been produced on behalf of GR Merchant Ltd in respect of a dwelling on Star Lane, Holbeach Bank, Spalding.

A planning application for the proposed development is to be submitted by GR Merchant Ltd.

2.0 SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

2.1 Site Location

The site is on land between 4 and 5 Star Lane, Holbeach Bank, Spalding, Lincolnshire, PE12 8BQ. The National Grid Reference of the site is 53547/32725.

The location of the site is shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 – Location Plan (© OpenStreetMap contributors)

2.2 Existing Site

The site is on the western side of Star Lane to the north of the junction with Campling Place. The site is an undeveloped plot of land. There are dwellings to the north and south of the site and agricultural land to the west. The area of development is approximately 0.08 hectares.

Environment Agency LiDAR data shows that the site is flat with ground levels between +3.1m OD and +3.2m OD. The carriageway of Star Lane adjacent to the site is typically +3.0m OD.

The site is in the South Holland Internal Drainage Board (IDB) District. Surface water at the site naturally drains through soakaway and hence to the IDB drain system. There is an IDB High Priority Watercourse 80m north of the site.

The online British Geological Survey maps indicate that the site is likely to be underlain by West Walton Formation Mudstone and Siltstone. The bedrock is shown to be overlain with superficial deposits of clay and silt.

2.3 Proposed Development

The proposed development consists of one replacement dwelling. The dwelling will be single storey. A Site Plan is provided in Attachment 1.

2.4 Local Development Documents

The South East Lincolnshire Local Plan 2011 – 2036, adopted in March 2019, is the Local Plan for the district. Policy 4: Approach to Flood Risk states the requirements for flood risk reduction.

The South East Lincolnshire Level 1 and Level 2 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) was prepared in June 2017.

The Joint Lincolnshire Flood Risk and Drainage Management Strategy has been prepared by Lincolnshire County Council as the Lead Local Flood Authority. The purpose of the Strategy is to increase the safety of people across Lincolnshire by reducing the number of people at risk of flooding, increasing the resilience of local communities, and reducing the impact of flooding.

2.5 Flood Zones

An extract from the Environment Agency Flood Map for Planning is shown in Figure 2. The site is located within Flood Zone 3, an area with a high probability of flooding.

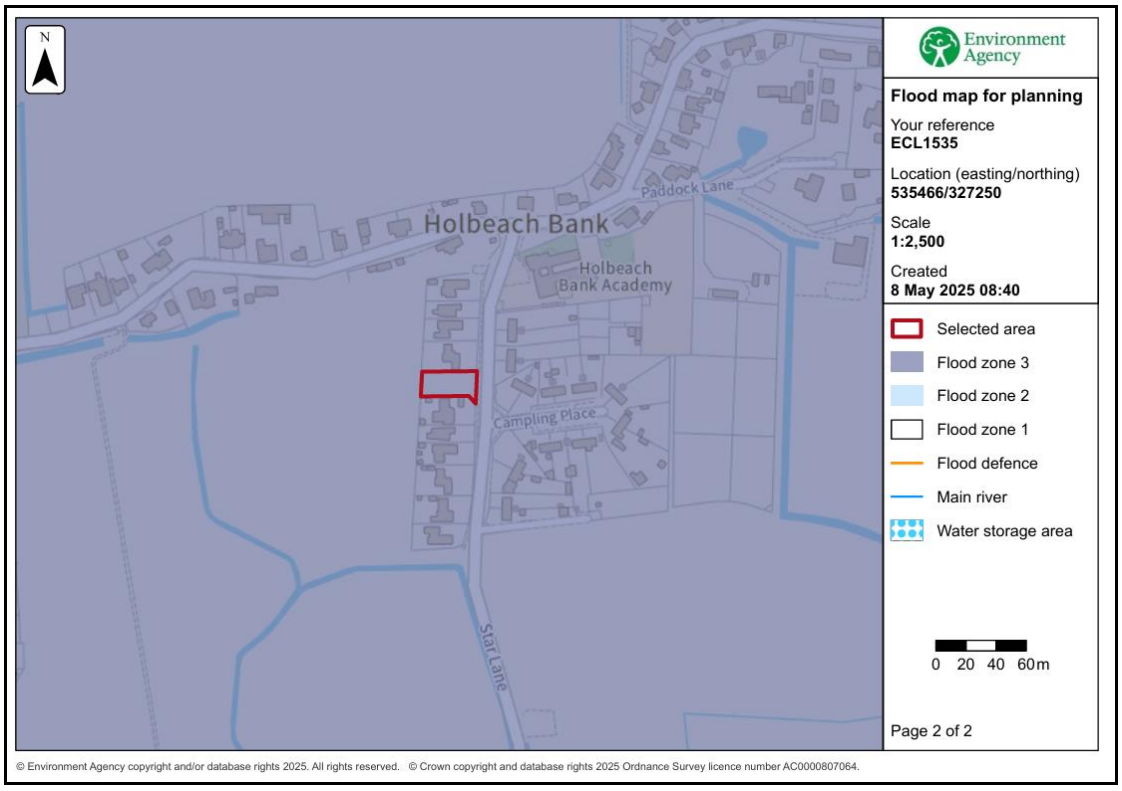


Figure 2 – Environment Agency Flood Map for Planning

The Environment Agency Long Term Flood Risk maps provide an indication of the risk from the primary sources of flooding. The details provided with these maps are summarised in Table 1. The fluvial design flood to be considered within a Flood Risk Assessment is the 1% annual probability event. As such the depths of flooding identified is the maximum depth that occurs during a low chance (between 0.1% and 1% chance each year) event.

	Present Day		2050 Epoch	
	Risk of Flooding	**Depth (Low chance)**	**Risk of Flooding**	**Depth (Low chance)**
Rivers and the Sea	The site has a very low chance (less than 0.1%)	No data available	No data available	No data available
Surface Water	The site is outside the area with a low risk (between 0.1% and 1% chance each year)	Not at risk	The site is outside the area with a low risk (between 0.1% and 1% chance each year)	Not at risk
Reservoir	Outside of the area at risk.			

Table 1 – Environment Agency Long Term Flood Risk Maps

Table 2 shows the level of risk at the site within the South East Lincolnshire SFRA.

SFRA Map	Present Day	2116
Residual Flood Hazard Map for the 1% fluvial and 0.5% tidal event	The site is outside the 'Low Hazard' area	The site is in the 'Danger for Most' area
Residual Peak Depth Map for the 1% fluvial and 0.5% tidal event	The site is outside the area at risk of flooding.	The site is at risk of flooding with depths between 0.5m and 1.0m.

Table 2 – Flood Risk within SFRA Maps

3.0 FLOOD RISK VULNERABILITY

3.1 The Sequential and Exception Test

The NPPF requires the application of a Sequential Test to ensure that new development is in areas with the lowest probability of flooding.

The Exception Test is a method to demonstrate and help ensure that flood risk to people and property will be managed, while allowing necessary development to go ahead in situations where suitable sites at lower risk of flooding are not available.

3.2 Vulnerability Classification

Table 2 of the PPG Flood Risk and Coastal Change categorises different types of uses and development according to their vulnerability to flood risk. The proposed development is covered by the description of buildings used for dwellings and is classified as 'More Vulnerable'.

Table 3 of the PPG Flood Risk and Coastal Change sets out Flood Risk Vulnerability and flood zone 'compatibility'. The site is in Flood Zone 3 and the development is 'More Vulnerable' therefore it is necessary to complete the Exception Test.

PPG Flood Risk and Coastal Change defines that the lifetime of the development in terms of flood risk and coastal change is 100 years.

3.3 Application of the Sequential Test and Exception Test

It is for the Local Planning Authority, using the evidence provided and taking advice from the Environment Agency as appropriate, to consider whether an application passes the Sequential Test.

Large parts of the South Holland district between the River Welland and River Nene lie within Flood Zone 3. As such, opportunities to undertake the development at an alternative site with a lower flood risk are limited.

The SFRA states that as it is necessary to use the refined flood risk information (hazard and depth maps) to assist with the application of the sequential test. The refined flood risk information contained within the SFRA demonstrates the site is not at risk during the present day 1% fluvial and 0.5% tidal event. The site therefore has a low probability of flooding and is considered to pass the Sequential Test.

The Exception Test requires consideration of the wider sustainability benefits of a development and that the development would be safe and residual risks managed.

The Local Plan has a target of a net increase of at least 11,681 dwellings in South Holland over the 25-year local plan period. The Plan considers this new housing is required to ensure the sustainability of the Local Plan area. The dwelling will contribute to meeting the demand for new housing.

Section 5 of this Flood Risk Assessment describes the flood mitigation measures and the management of the residual risks, demonstrating that this development will be safe and not increase flood risk elsewhere. The development is considered to pass the Exception Test.

4.0 SITE SPECIFIC FLOOD RISK

4.1 Local Flood Assets

The South Holland IDB district is protected by the Wash tidal defences along the Holbeach Marsh frontage with embankment levels at a minimum of +7.0m OD. The Wash tidal defences are approximately 8.6km from the site.

The River Welland tidal defences are approximately 6.0km to the north west of the site. The tidal defences between Spalding and Fossdyke also have minimum embankment levels of +7.0m OD.

Both defences are the responsibility of the Environment Agency. There is a long-term strategy for the maintenance of the Environment Agency defences which is reviewed and updated periodically.

There is an extensive local drainage network managed by South Holland IDB. There is an IDB High Priority Watercourse 80m north of the site. The site is within the Holbeach River catchment and drains in a northerly direction to discharge to the tidal River Welland at the Holbeach River Outfall Sluice.

During the operation and maintenance of its pumping stations, associated structures, and channel systems, the IDB seeks to maintain a general standard capable of providing flood protection to its district. A routine maintenance programme is in place to ensure that the Boards assets are commensurate with the standard of protection that is sought.

Current maintenance standards of the South Holland Internal Drainage Board and the Environment Agency are generally good.

4.2 Sources of Flooding

A summary of the sources of flooding is provided in Table 3.

Source of Flooding	Level of Risk
Drainage Network Flooding	The risk is assessed in Section 4.3.
Surface Water Flooding	Based upon the EA maps the risk is very low.
Fluvial Flooding	The risk is not at risk of fluvial flooding.
Tidal Flooding	The risk is assessed in Section 4.3, 4.5 and 4.6.
Reservoir Flooding	Based upon the EA maps the site is not at risk of flooding from reservoirs.
Groundwater Flooding	There is no evidence to suggest the site is at risk of groundwater flooding.

Table 3 – Sources of Flooding

4.3 Probability of Flooding

The probability of flooding associated with blockages in the South Holland IDB drainage system is low due to the maintenance standards achieved and managed by the IDB.

Through the operation and maintenance of the pumping stations and the channel system the Board seek to maintain a general standard capable to providing flood protection to agricultural land and developed areas of 1 in 20 years and 1 in 100 years, respectively. The risk associated with flood events that exceed the standard of protection provided is lowered due to the South Holland IDB main drains incorporating freeboard. This freeboard provides storage during the exceedance events.

The site is within an area benefitting from defences. The flood embankments to the Wash and the River Welland tidal defences provide protection during a 0.5% annual probability (1 in 200 chance each year) event. The flood risk from the Wash is lowered further by second line defences and various informal banks constructed during the reclamation of Holbeach Marsh.

4.4 Historic Flooding

During the preparation of this assessment, no evidence was discovered of the site being flooded. Previous historic rainfall events of 1968 and 1978, estimated to be greater than 1% annual probability (1 in 100 chance each year), caused no flooding to any residential properties.

4.5 Climate Change

Climate change is likely to impact the site through increased rainfall intensity and duration affecting the local drainage network and increased tide levels.

The flood level in the River Welland at Fossdyke during the 0.5% annual probability (1 in 200 chance each year) event inclusive of climate change to 2069 is estimated to be 6.41m AOD. The minimum defence level of the River Welland embankments is 7.0m AOD. The site is not at risk of tidal flooding for the design life of the development (i.e., 100 years).

4.6 Residual Risk

The proposed development is a single storey dwelling and therefore the finished floor level needs to consider the 0.1% annual probability (1 in 1000 chance each year) event in 2115. The breach hazard maps provided by the Environment Agency include 0.1% annual probability (1 in 1000 chance each year) maps. These show that the site is at risk with depths up to 1.0m. An extract from the map is shown in Figure 3.

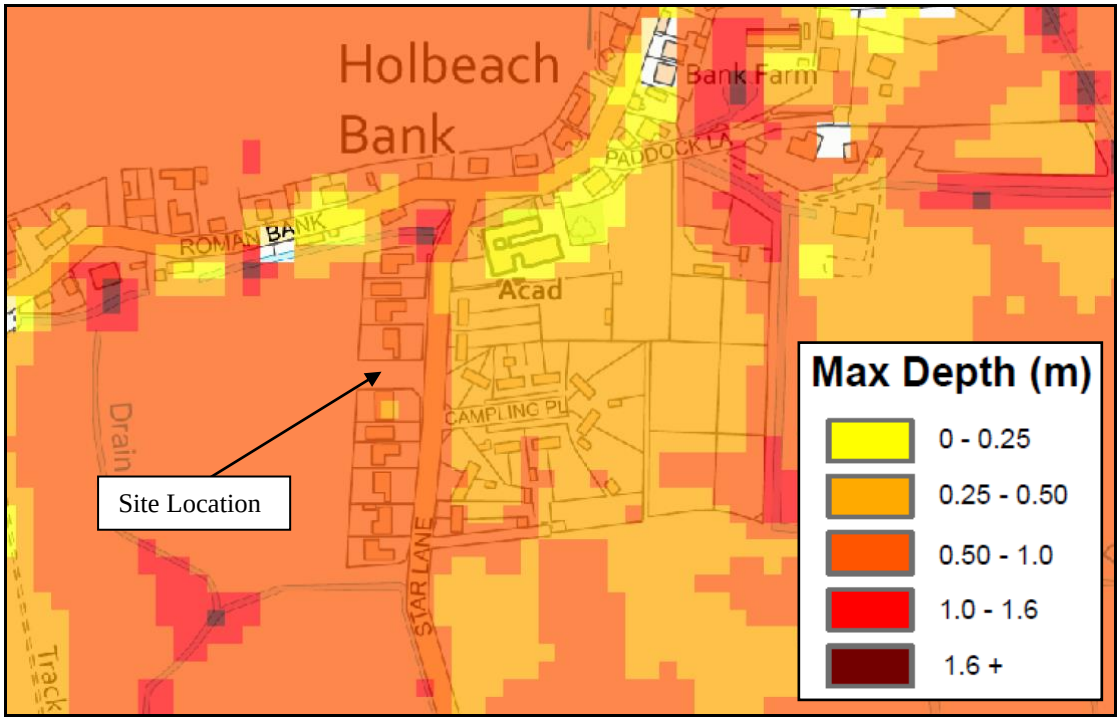


Figure 3 – Tidal breach Hazard Mapping 0.1% (1 in 1000) 2115

5.0 FLOOD RISK MITIGATION

5.1 Summary of Risks

The probability of this development flooding from localised drainage systems is low. Failure of Holbeach River Outfall Sluice could lead to an increased level of risk at the site.

The probability of the site flooding from any Environment Agency system is less than 0.5% annual probability (1 in 200 chance each year) because of the standards of the existing flood defences. Over time there will be a gradual increase in risk to the site due to climate change. During the design life of the development, it is not anticipated that the site would flood from overtopping of the defences.

There is a residual risk to the site associated with a breach in the defences. During the 0.1% annual probability (1 in 1000 chance each year) tidal event in 2115 the maximum flood depth is 1.0m.

The proposed development increases the impermeable area and therefore has the potential to increase the rate of surface water runoff from the site.

5.2 Mitigation Measures

The site has a low 'actual risk' of flooding. Based upon the information available during the preparation of this flood risk assessment, it is recommended that the finished floor level of the dwelling is 1.0m above surrounding ground level and there is 0.3m of flood resilient (recovery) construction above finished floor level.

The developer should ensure that the eventual occupier of the dwelling is sufficiently aware of the risk of flooding, and the standard of the existing defences. The Environment Agency operates a flood warning system for properties at risk of flooding to enable householders to protect life or take actions to manage the effect of flooding on property. Floodline Warnings Service is a national system run by the Environment Agency for broadcasting flooding warnings. The occupier of the dwellings should register to receive flood warnings.

Should there be a failure of Holbeach River Outfall Sluice and conditions were such to put properties and land at risk of flooding, the Internal Drainage Board would take emergency action to maintain the drainage level of service by using temporary pumping equipment.

It is recommended that surface water run-off is managed so that stormwater from the development will not affect any adjoining properties or increase the flood risk elsewhere.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

As a result of the assessment, the following conclusions have been reached.

- The proposed development consists of a single storey dwelling on land between 4 and 5 Star Lane, Holbeach Bank, Spalding.

- The site is located within an Internal Drainage Board catchment and through the operation and maintenance of the pumping stations and the channel system the Board seek to maintain a general standard capable to providing flood protection to agricultural land and developed areas of 1 in 20 and 1 in 100 years, respectively.

- The proposed development is in Flood Zone 3. The site is protected during the 1% annual probability (1 in 100 chance each year) fluvial event and 0.5% annual probability (1 in 200) tidal event including climate change by the Wash tidal defences and River Welland defences.

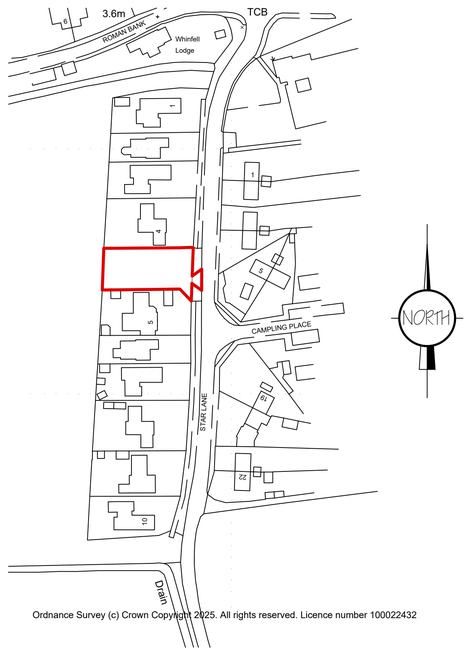
- There is a residual risk to the site during a breach of the defences with flood depths up to 1.0m.

- It is recommended that the finished floor level of the dwelling is not less than 1.0m above surrounding ground level with 0.3m of flood resilient construction above finished floor level.

- The development passes the Sequential Test and Exception Test and is therefore suitable for the proposed location.

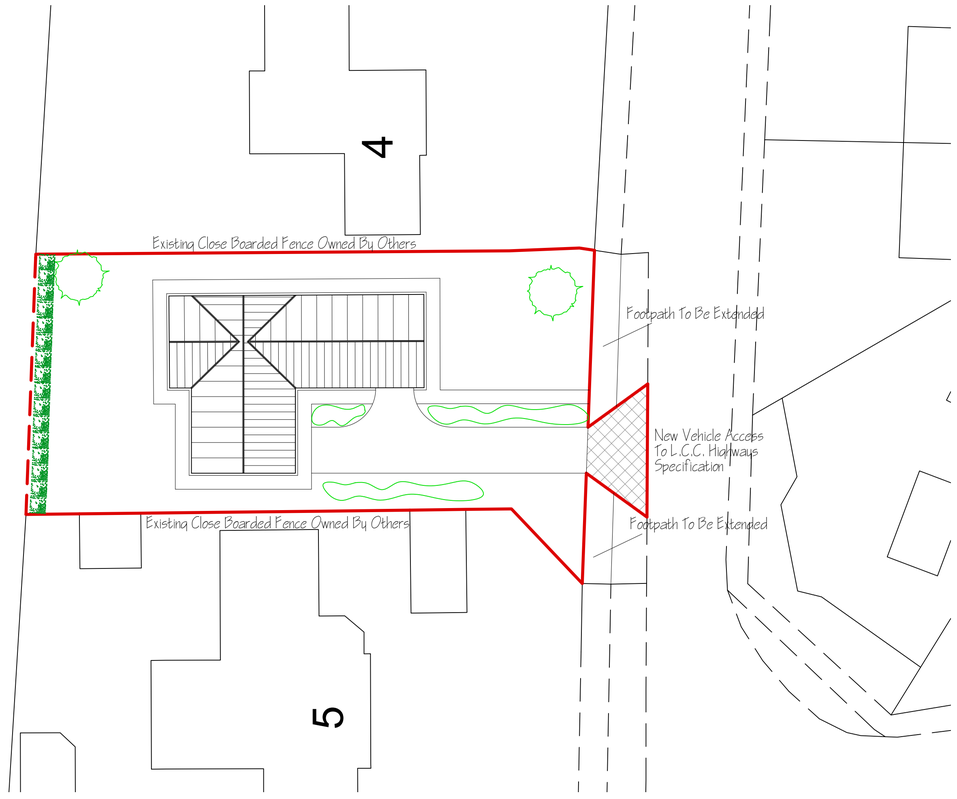
ATTACHMENT 1

SITE & LOCATION PLAN
(DWG 4361-25 01)



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LOCATION PLAN 1:1250



SITE PLAN -PROPOSED 1:200

Indicative Plan For 3 Bedroom Bungalow With Attached Single Garage

ref:	revision	date

G. R. MERCHANT LTD.

ARCHITECTURAL CONSULTANTS

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Project
RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT - OUTLINE
LAND BETWEEN 4 & 5 STAR LANE
HOLBEACH BANK
SPALDING, LINCS. PE12 8BQ

Client
MR A GOODLEY

Drawing
SITE PLAN - PROPOSED
LOCATION PLAN

Job Ref.	Drawing No.
4361-25	01

Date	Drawn
APRIL 2025	SLB

Scales
1:50 & 1:100 (Unless Otherwise Stated)

DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING

This drawing is copyright and may not be altered, traced, photographed or used for any other purpose other than that for which it is issued. The General Contractor is to check all dimensions on site and report any discrepancies to G. R. Merchant Ltd. All details shown on this drawing including foundations are based upon typical site conditions related to the area. No responsibility can be accepted for abnormal conditions which may be discovered during construction unless reported to the G. R. Merchant Ltd so that design amendments may be considered. Site soil surveys are recommended in respect of foundations to establish specific site conditions before foundation work is undertaken. This drawing is limited in the amount of information contained and does not purport to contain a full specification of the works. It is solely for the purpose of obtaining Planning / Building Regulation approval. This drawing must not be used as a contract document alone. The works will not be supervised or inspected on site by G R Merchant Ltd or any representative thereof. It is the client or their appointed contractor(s) responsibility to control workmanship, substitution of materials, adherance to specification, variations to contract etc.All materials to be new unless otherwise stated and all components and materials etc. to be used fitted and installed etc. in strict accordance with manufacturers instruction and relevant code of practice. Materials shall conform to appropriate British standard specification or BBA certificate or European code equivalent. The Employer / Client shall ensure that the selected contractor is conversant with and adopts all measures necessary to achieve compliance with Health and Safety legislation for Building sites and Work places. The Employer / Client is advised that should the works need to comply with the Construction Design and Management Regulations an independent Principal Designer will be required. The works shall comprise of all that is shown on the drawing and details. Work that may not specifically be shown but may be reasonably inferred as necessary to carry out the works shall be deemed to be included. It is the plot / land owners responsibility to be aware of the Party Wall etc. Act 1996 when building in close proximity to adjoining neighbours boundaries.

ATTACHMENT 2

ENVIRONMENT AGENCY
FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT DATA

creating a better place
for people and wildlife

Environment Agency

Tim Ellingham
tim@ellinghamconsulting.co.uk

Our ref: EIR2025-08264
Date: 28/05/2025

Dear Tim,

Flood Risk Information for Star Lane, Holbeach Lane

The flood risk information for the above site is set out below and attached. It is important you read any contextual notes on the maps provided.

If you are preparing a Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) for this site, please note this information may not be sufficient by itself to produce an adequate FRA to demonstrate the development is safe over its lifetime. Additional information may be required to carry out an appropriate assessment of all risks, such as the consequences of a breach in the flood defences.

We aim to review our information on a regular basis, so if you are using this data more than twelve months from the date of this letter, please contact us again to check it is still valid.

Please read the letter in full as the information covered has been updated in **April 2025.**

1. Flood Map for Planning

The attached map includes the current Flood Map for Planning for your area. The map indicates the Area at Risk of Flooding (Flood Zone 3) and the Extreme Flood Outline (Flood Zone 2) **assuming no flood defences exist.**

The Area at Risk of Flooding shows the land that could be impacted from a flood with a 0.5% or greater chance of occurring in any year for flooding from the sea, or a 1% or greater chance of occurring in any year for fluvial (river) flooding.

The Extreme Flood Outline shows the land that could be impacted from a flood which has between a 1% and 0.1% chance of occurring in any year for fluvial (river) flooding, or between a 0.5% and 0.1% annual probability of sea flooding, or the highest recorded historic extent if greater.

In some locations, such as around the fens and the large coastal floodplains, showing the area at risk of flooding assuming no defences may give a slightly misleading picture in that if there were no flood defences, water would spread out across these large floodplains. This flooding could cover large areas of land but to relatively shallow depths and could leave pockets of locally slightly higher land as isolated dry islands. It is important to understand the actual risk of the flooding to these dry islands, particularly in the event of defence failure.

The Flood Map for Planning also shows the location of formal raised flood defences and flood storage reservoirs. It represents areas at risk of flooding for present day only and does not take account of climate change.

The Flood Map for Planning only indicates the extent and likelihood of flooding from rivers or the sea. It should also be remembered flooding may occur from other sources such as surface water sewers, road drainage, etc.

2. Recorded Flood Outlines

With regards to the history of flooding I can advise we do not have any records of flooding in this area. It is possible recent flooding may have occurred which we are currently investigating, therefore this information may be subject to change. It is possible other flooding may have occurred which other risk management authorities, such as the Lead Local Flood Authority (ie top tier council) or Internal Drainage Board (where they exist) have responsibility.

Please note, our Recorded Flood Outlines do not reflect the latest September 2024 – January 2025 flood incidents. Due to the scale of the events, it will take time to gather the information and verify the extent of the flooding before we are able to provide this information.

3. Schemes in the area

There are no ongoing capital projects to reduce or sustain the current flood risk to this area.

4. Fluvial Flood Risk Information

This site is not considered to be at risk of flooding from main rivers.

The site may be at risk from local ordinary watercourses for which other risk management authorities, such as the Lead Local Flood Authority (ie top tier council) or Internal Drainage Board (where they exist) have responsibility.

5. Tidal Flood Risk Information

This site is considered to be at risk from tidal flooding.

5.1 Tidal Defence Information

The existing tidal defences protecting this site consist of earth embankments.

They are in fair condition and reduce the risk of flooding (at the defence) to a 0.67% (1 in 150) chance of occurring in any year. We inspect these defences routinely to ensure potential defects are identified.
Refer to paragraph 3 for details of any ongoing capital projects to reduce the flood risk to this site.

5.2 Tidal Flood Levels

The attached data sheets show our current best estimate for extreme tide levels.

Please read the information notes on the data sheets.

5.3 Tidal Hazard Mapping

For certain locations we have carried out modelling to map the maximum values of flood depth, velocity and hazard rating (danger to people) resulting from overtopping and / or breaching of defences at specific locations for a number of scenarios.

At present this information is available along the full coastal / tidal floodplain, except the tidal Witham Haven in Boston (upstream of Hobhole) where only breaching and not overtopping has been modelled and the tidal River Welland upstream of Fosdyke Bridge where neither breaching nor overtopping are available.

The number of locations we have this information for is expected to increase in time.

The attached maps show the maximum values of flood depth, velocity and hazard rating (danger to people) resulting from breaching of the defences at specific locations for the scenarios below. For some locations the breach mapping also includes flooding from overtopping if this is expected in that scenario. The location of modelled tidal breaches is shown on a separate attached map.

5.3.1 Tidal Hazard Mapping – Breaches

- Year 2006 0.1% (1 in 1000) chance
- Year 2115 0.5% (1 in 200) chance
- Year 2115 0.1% (1 in 1000) chance

Your site is not affected by breaching of the tidal defences for the present day (2006) 1 in 200 (0.5%) scenario.

5.3.2 Tidal Hazard Mapping - Overtopping

Your site is not affected by overtopping of the defences for the present day (2006) and climate change (2115) scenarios, though may be at risk from breaching.

6. Development Planning

If you would like local guidance on preparing a flood risk assessment for a planning application, please contact our Sustainable Places team at LNplanning@environment-agency.gov.uk. It will help if you mention this data request and attach your site location plan.

We provide free preliminary advice; additional/detailed advice, review of draft FRAs and meetings are chargeable at a rate set to cover our costs, currently £100 (plus VAT) per hour of staff time. Further details are available on our website at https://www.gov.uk/guidance/developers-get-environmental-advice-on-your-planning-proposals.

General advice on flood risk assessment for planning applications can be found on GOV.UK at https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessment-for-planning-applications

Climate change will increase flood risk due to overtopping of defences. Please note, unless specified otherwise, the climate change data included has an allowance for 20% increase in flow. Updated guidance on how climate change could affect flood risk to new development - 'Flood risk assessments: climate change allowances' was published on GOV.UK in **July 2021**. The appropriate updated climate change allowance should be applied in a Flood Risk Assessment.

You should also consult the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment produced by your local planning authority.

7. Data Licence and Other Supporting Information

We respond to requests for recorded information we hold under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) and the associated Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (EIR).

This information is provided in accordance with the Open Government Licence which can be found here: http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/version/3/

Further information on flood risk can be found on the GOV.UK website at: https://www.gov.uk/browse/environment-countryside/flooding-extreme-weather

Rights of appeal

If you are not satisfied with our decision, you can contact us within two calendar months to ask for the decision to be reviewed. We will then conduct an internal review of our response to your request and give you our decision in writing within 40 working days.

If you are not satisfied with the outcome of the internal review, you can then make an appeal to the Information Commissioner Office, the statutory regulator for EIR and the Freedom of Information Act 2002. The address is: Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire. SK9 5AF.

Tel: 0303 123 1113 (local rate) or 01625 545 745 (national rate) | Fax: 01625 524 510
Email: casework@ico.org.uk | Website: www.ico.org.uk

8. Other Flood Risk Management Authorities

The information provided with this letter relates to flood risk from main river or the sea. The Flood Map for Surface Water can be viewed at https://www.gov.uk/check-long-term-flood-risk

Additional information may be available from other risk management authorities, such as the Lead Local Flood Authority (ie top tier council) or Internal Drainage Board (where they exist).

I hope we have correctly interpreted your request. If you have any queries or would like to discuss the content of this letter further please contact Christopher using the email address below and quoting our EIR reference number above.

Yours sincerely,

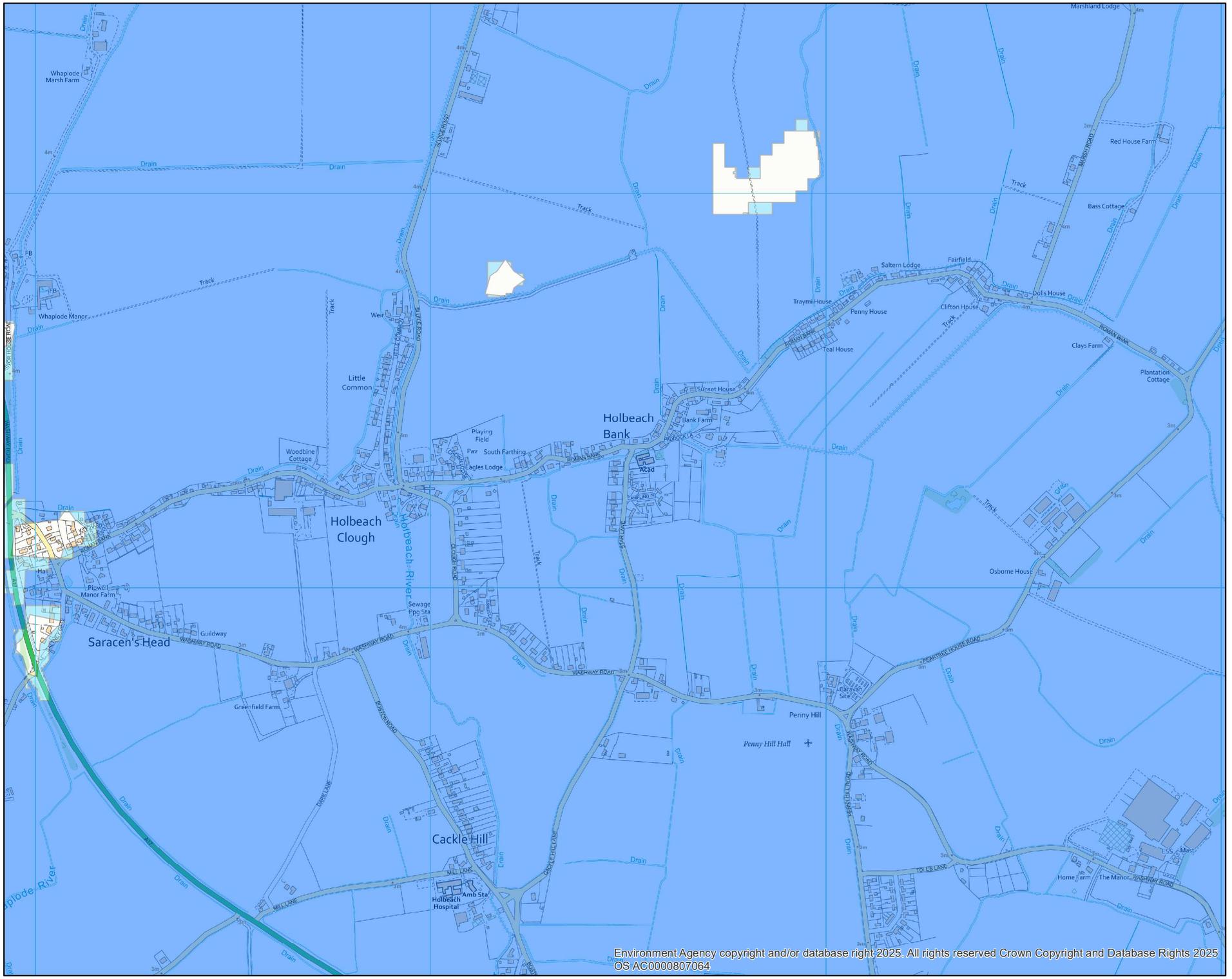


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for John O'Neill
Welland and Nene Partnerships and Strategic Overview Team Leader
e-mail PSOWN@environment-agency.gov.uk

Enc.
Flood Map for Planning
Tidal Level Data Sheets - Map and Tables
Tidal Breach Points – Locations Map
Hazard Mapping – Breaching

Flood Map centred on TF 35466 27250 - created May 2025 [Ref: EIR-2025-08264]



Environment Agency

Scale 1:10,000

N

Legend

- Main Rivers
- Raised Defences
- Flood Storage Areas

Flood Zones 2 and 3 Rivers and Sea Flood Zone

- Flood Zone 2
- Flood Zone 3

Dark blue shows the area that could be affected by flooding, either from rivers or the sea, if there were no flood defences. This represents land that could be impacted by a flood which has a 1% (1 in 100) or greater chance of occurring in any year from rivers or 0.5% (1 in 200) or greater annual probability of flooding from the sea.

Light blue shows the extent of the Extreme Flood Outline. This represents land that could be impacted by a flood which has between a 1% and 0.1% (1 in 100 to 1 in 1000) chance of occurring in any year from rivers or between 0.5% and 0.1% (1 in 200 to 1 in 1000) annual probability of flooding from the sea, or the highest recorded historic extent if greater.

These two colours show the extent of the natural floodplain if there were no flood defences or certain other manmade structures and channel improvements. Sites outside the two extents, but behind raised defences, may be affected by flooding if the defences are overtopped or fail.

Created by the Partnerships and Strategic Overview Team, Kettering

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Contact Us: National Customer Contact Centre, PO Box 544, Rotherham, S60 1BY. Tel: 03708 506 506 (Mon-Fri 8-6). Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk

East Coast and Wash - 2018 Coastal Flood Boundary [CFB] Dataset
Key Node Points



Environment Agency

Scale 1:550,000

N W E S

▲ East Coast and Wash

See separate data sheet for predicted flood levels

Created by the Partnerships and Strategic Overview Team, Lincoln

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East Coast and Wash: Immingham to the West Lighthouse

2018 Coastal Flood Boundary Extreme Sea Levels

CFB Ref	Location	Easting	Northing	Annual Chance (1 in x) of Tide Level in metres ODN																		
				1			10			50			100			200			300			1000		
				Confidence Bound			Confidence Bound			Confidence Bound			Confidence Bound			Confidence Bound			Confidence Bound			Confidence Bound		
				2.5%	50%	97.5%	2.5%	50%	97.5%	2.5%	50%	97.5%	2.5%	50%	97.5%	2.5%	50%	97.5%	2.5%	50%	97.5%	2.5%	50%	97.5%
3888	Immingham	520440	417625	4.16	4.17	4.19	4.50	4.53	4.62	4.73	4.80	5.00	4.83	4.93	5.19	4.93	5.06	5.41	4.98	5.14	5.55	5.15	5.38	6.01
3890	Haborough Marsh	522100	416512	4.14	4.15	4.17	4.48	4.51	4.60	4.70	4.77	4.97	4.80	4.90	5.16	4.90	5.03	5.38	4.94	5.10	5.51	5.11	5.34	5.97
3898	Grimsby	529295	413162	3.98	3.99	4.01	4.31	4.34	4.43	4.53	4.60	4.80	4.61	4.71	4.97	4.71	4.84	5.19	4.74	4.90	5.31	4.88	5.11	5.74
3906	Buck Beck	534709	407369	3.87	3.88	3.90	4.19	4.23	4.31	4.41	4.50	4.68	4.50	4.61	4.86	4.61	4.75	5.10	4.64	4.82	5.22	4.80	5.05	5.66
3910	Tetney	538035	405537	3.85	3.86	3.89	4.17	4.22	4.30	4.40	4.50	4.67	4.49	4.61	4.86	4.60	4.75	5.10	4.63	4.82	5.21	4.80	5.06	5.66
3918	Donna Nook	544641	401997	3.82	3.83	3.86	4.14	4.19	4.27	4.38	4.48	4.65	4.47	4.60	4.85	4.58	4.74	5.10	4.63	4.82	5.22	4.81	5.08	5.68
3928	Saltfleet	549131	393360	3.78	3.79	3.82	4.11	4.16	4.26	4.36	4.46	4.64	4.47	4.59	4.86	4.57	4.74	5.11	4.63	4.83	5.25	4.83	5.11	5.74
3942	Boygrift	555131	380860	3.72	3.74	3.77	4.06	4.11	4.22	4.33	4.43	4.65	4.43	4.57	4.87	4.56	4.73	5.13	4.62	4.83	5.28	4.85	5.15	5.82
3968	Gibraltar Point	557652	356181	4.16	4.17	4.20	4.51	4.56	4.67	4.76	4.85	5.08	4.85	4.97	5.27	4.94	5.10	5.49	4.99	5.18	5.63	5.14	5.41	6.09
3992_14	Hobhole	535990	340116	4.96	4.97	5.01	5.40	5.44	5.56	5.66	5.76	5.98	5.78	5.90	6.20	5.88	6.04	6.44	5.92	6.11	6.57	6.03	6.31	6.99
	Grand Sluice*	532366	344510	4.93	4.94	4.98	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
3992_9	Boston Barrier	532754	342852	4.93	4.94	4.98	5.41	5.45	5.57	5.73	5.83	6.05	5.85	5.97	6.27	5.93	6.09	6.49	5.94	6.13	6.59	5.98	6.26	6.94
3992_5	Fosdyke Bridge	531886	332234	4.87	4.88	4.92	5.31	5.35	5.47	5.58	5.68	5.90	5.71	5.83	6.13	5.82	5.98	6.38	5.87	6.06	6.52	6.01	6.29	6.97
4008	West Lighthouse	550094	329971	4.87	4.88	4.91	5.21	5.26	5.37	5.46	5.56	5.78	5.56	5.68	5.98	5.66	5.82	6.21	5.71	5.90	6.35	5.86	6.14	6.81
-	Marsh Road	525988	324065	-	5.04	-	-	5.44	-	-	5.73	-	-	5.85	-	-	5.98	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	Wisbech	546110	309940	-	4.83	-	-	5.25	-	-	5.53	-	-	5.66	-	-	5.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	Dog-in-a-Doublet	527200	299287	-	3.67	-	-	4.00	-	-	4.22	-	-	4.32	-	-	4.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See next page for notes

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Calls to 03 numbers cost the same as calls to standard geographic numbers
(i.e. numbers beginning with 01 or 02)

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www.gov.uk/environment-agency

East Coast and Wash: Immingham to the West Lighthouse

2018 Coastal Flood Boundary Extreme Sea Levels

NOTES:

The following notes apply to all CFB sites (ie all on table excluding Marsh Road, Wisbech, Dog-in-a-Doublet)

- The base date for the data is 2017.
- The levels are still water levels. Depending on the use of the data it may be necessary to consider wave heights and / or joint probability analysis of water level and other variables.
- Levels for other annual chance probabilities are available if required.
- For additional information relating to the 2018 Coastal Flood Boundary Extreme Sea Levels or to access the full dataset for the above sites or intermediate locations refer to the Defra Metadata Catalogue at https://deframetadata.com/geonetwork/srv/eng/catalog.search#/metadata/84a5c7c0-d465-11e4-b0bd-f0def148f590

The following notes apply to all Marsh Road, Wisbech, Dog-in-a-Doublet

- The base date for the data is 2006
- The levels are still water levels. Depending on the use of the data it may be necessary to consider wave heights and / or joint probability analysis of water level and other variables.
- Levels for other annual chance probabilities are available if required.
- These levels will be updated as their respective tidal river models are updated.

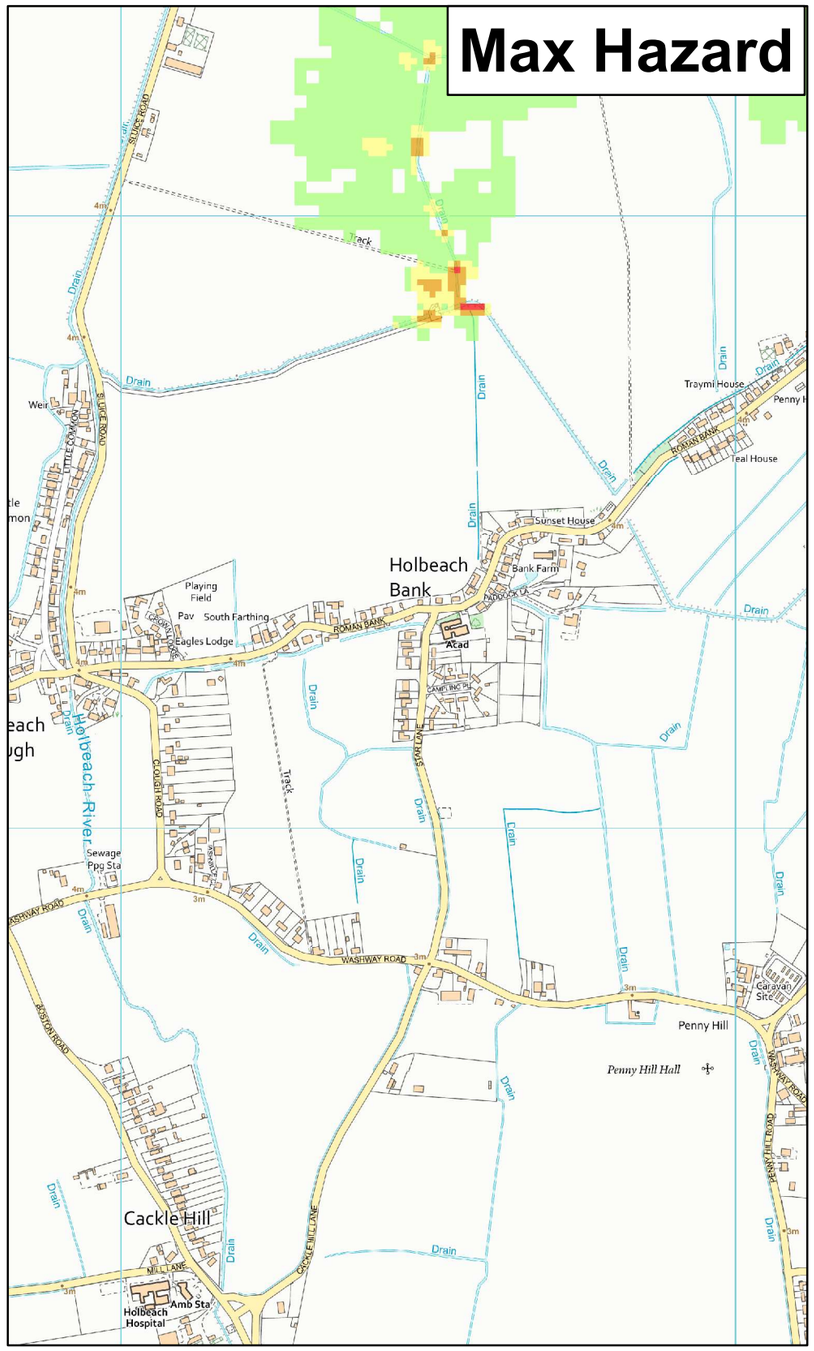
The following notes apply to Grand Sluice

- Grand Sluice remains the tidal limit for the River Witham.
- The data is based on CFB 2018 data for Boston Barrier site, capped at 5.3mAOD to reflect use of the barrier which raises for tides above this level.
- The base date for the data is 2017
- The levels are still water levels. Depending on the use of the data it may be necessary to consider wave heights and / or joint probability analysis of water level and other variables.
- For additional information relating to the 2018 Coastal Flood Boundary Extreme Sea Levels or to access the full dataset for the above sites or intermediate locations refer to the Defra Metadata Catalogue at https://deframetadata.com/geonetwork/srv/eng/catalog.search#/metadata/84a5c7c0-d465-11e4-b0bd-f0def148f590

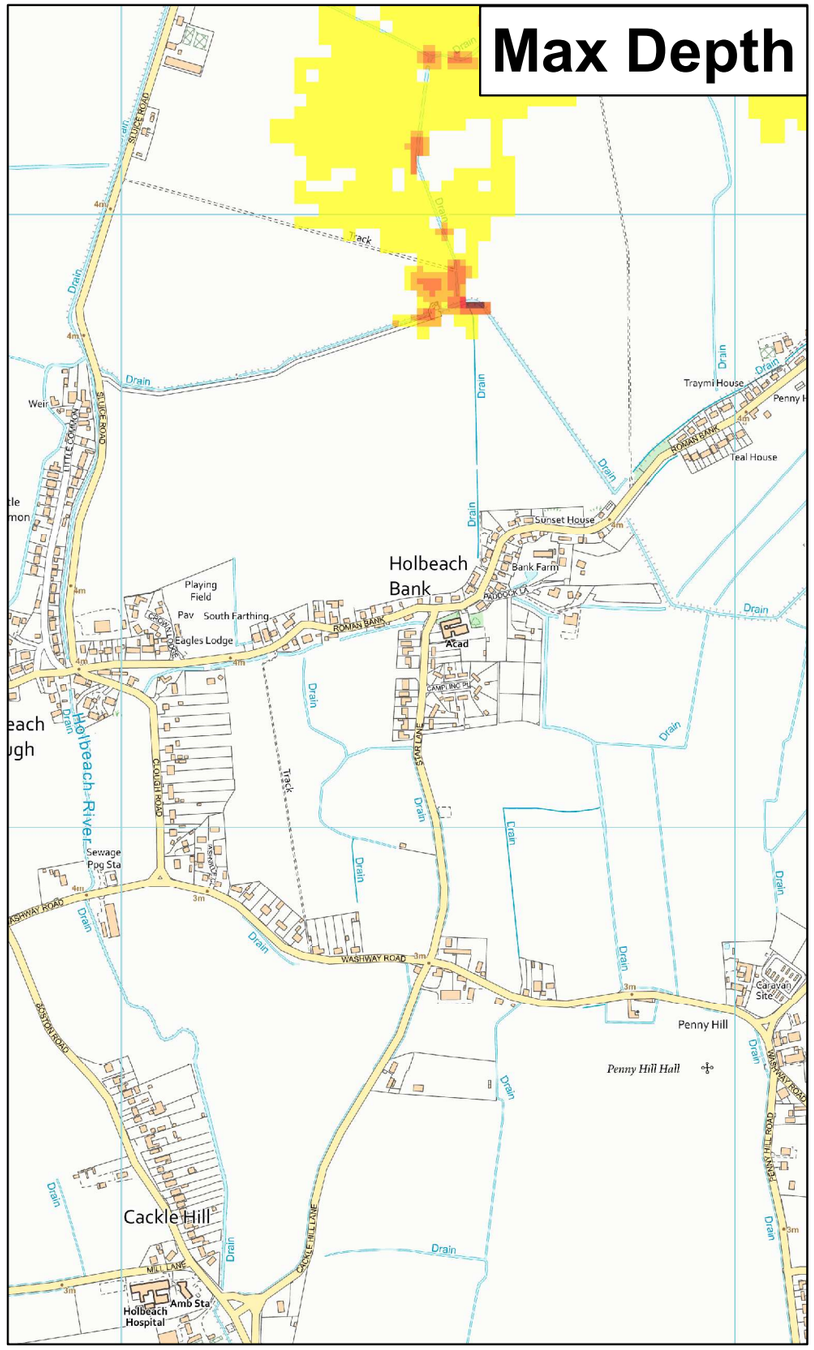
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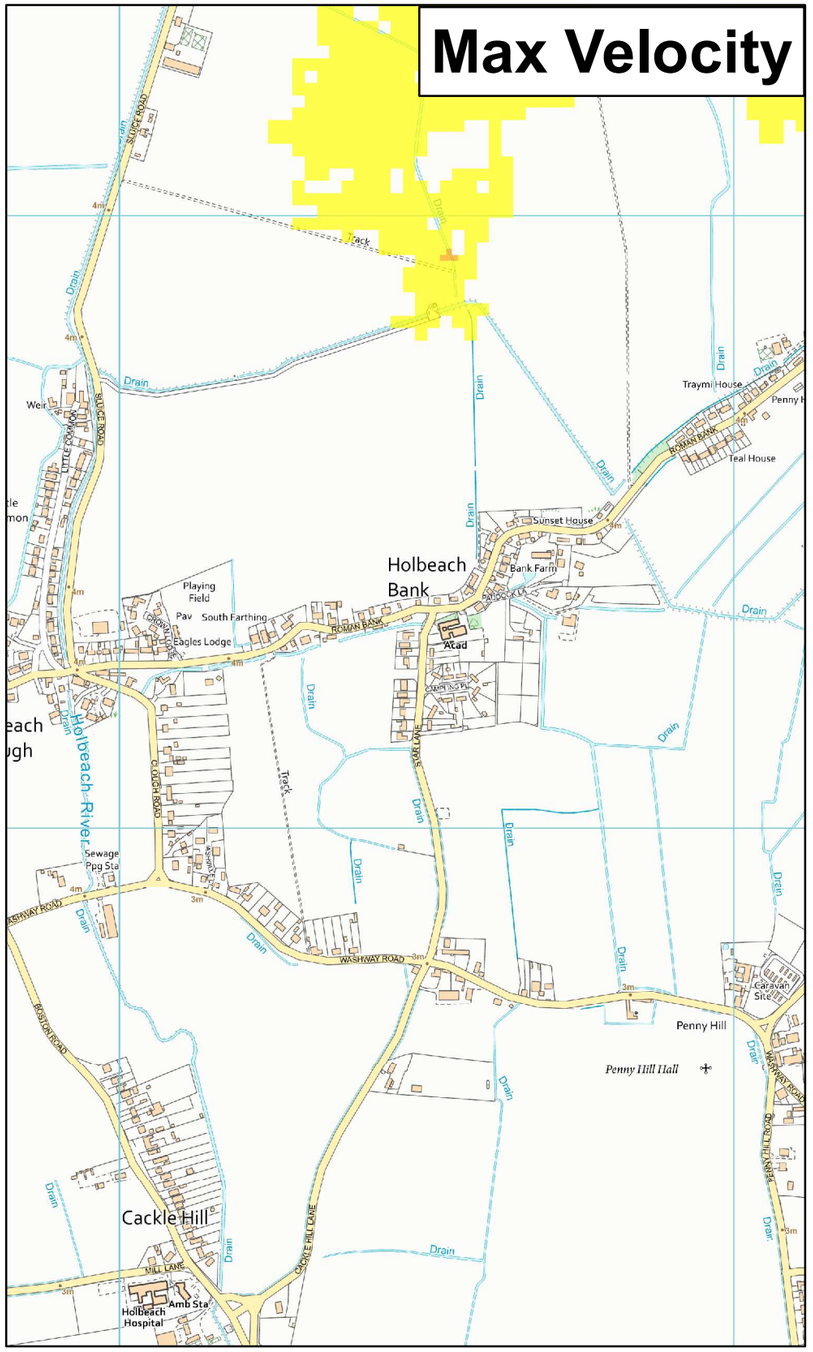
Max Hazard



Max Depth



Max Velocity



★ **Modelled Breach Locations** - see also the accompanying plan "Location of Modelled Breaches"

Max Hazard
(Flood Risk to People : FD2320)

- Less than 0.75 (Low Hazard)
- Between 0.75 and 1.25 (Danger for Some)
- Between 1.25 and 2.0 (Danger for Most)
- Greater than 2.0 (Danger for All)

Max Depth (m)

- 0 - 0.25
- 0.25 - 0.50
- 0.50 - 1.0
- 1.0 - 1.6
- 1.6 +

Max Velocity (m/s)

- 0 - 0.3
- 0.3 - 1.0
- 1.0 - 1.5
- 1.5 - 2.5
- 2.5 +

Date Printed	May 2025	Scenario year	2006	Scenario Annual Chance	0.1% (1 in 1000)	CCN Number	EIR-2025-08264

This map shows the level of flood hazard to people (called a hazard rating) if our flood defences are breached at certain locations, for a range of scenarios. The hazard rating depends on the depth and velocity of floodwater, and maximum values of these are also mapped.

The map is based on computer modelling of simulated breaches at specific locations. Each breach has been modelled individually and the results combined to create this map. Multiple breaches, other combinations of breaches, different sized tidal surges or flood flows may all give different results.

The map only considers the consequences of a breach, it does not make any assumption about the likelihood of a breach occurring. The likelihood of a breach occurring will depend on a number of different factors, including the construction and condition of the defences in the area. A breach is less likely where defences are of a good standard, but a risk of breaching remains.

General Enquiries No: 03708 506 506. Weekday Daytime calls cost 5p plus up to 6p per minute from BT Weekend Unlimited. Mobile and other providers' charges may vary

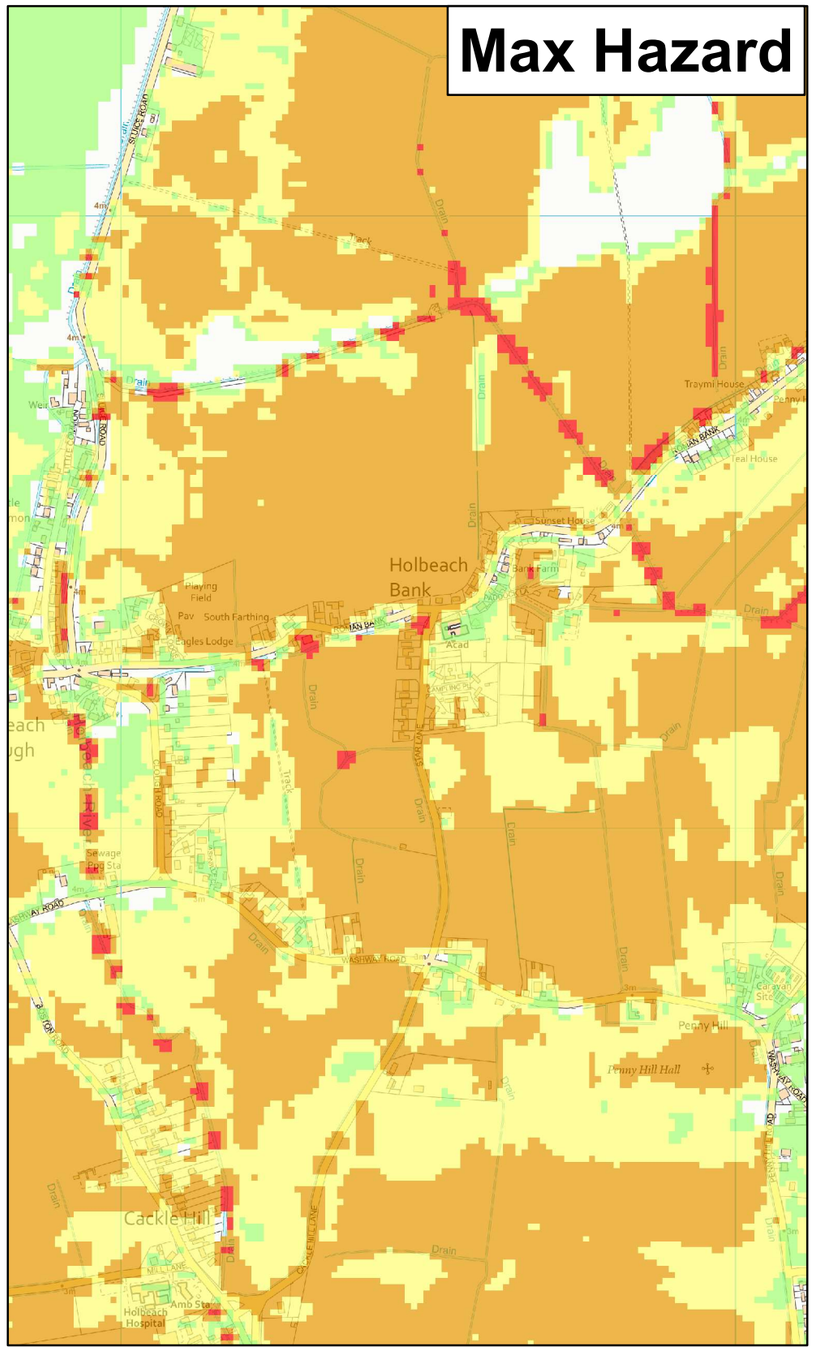
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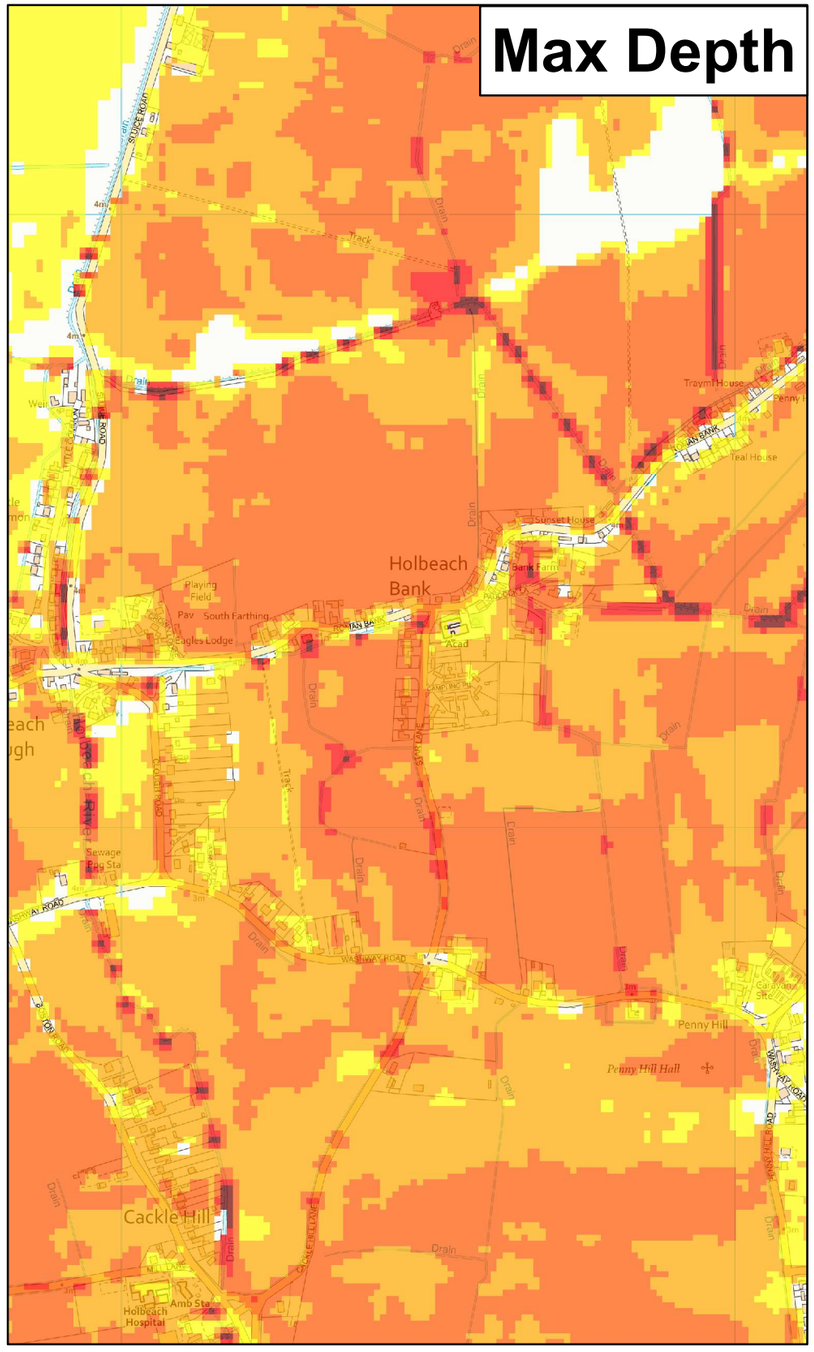
Lincolnshire and Northamptonshire Tidal Breaching Hazard Mapping

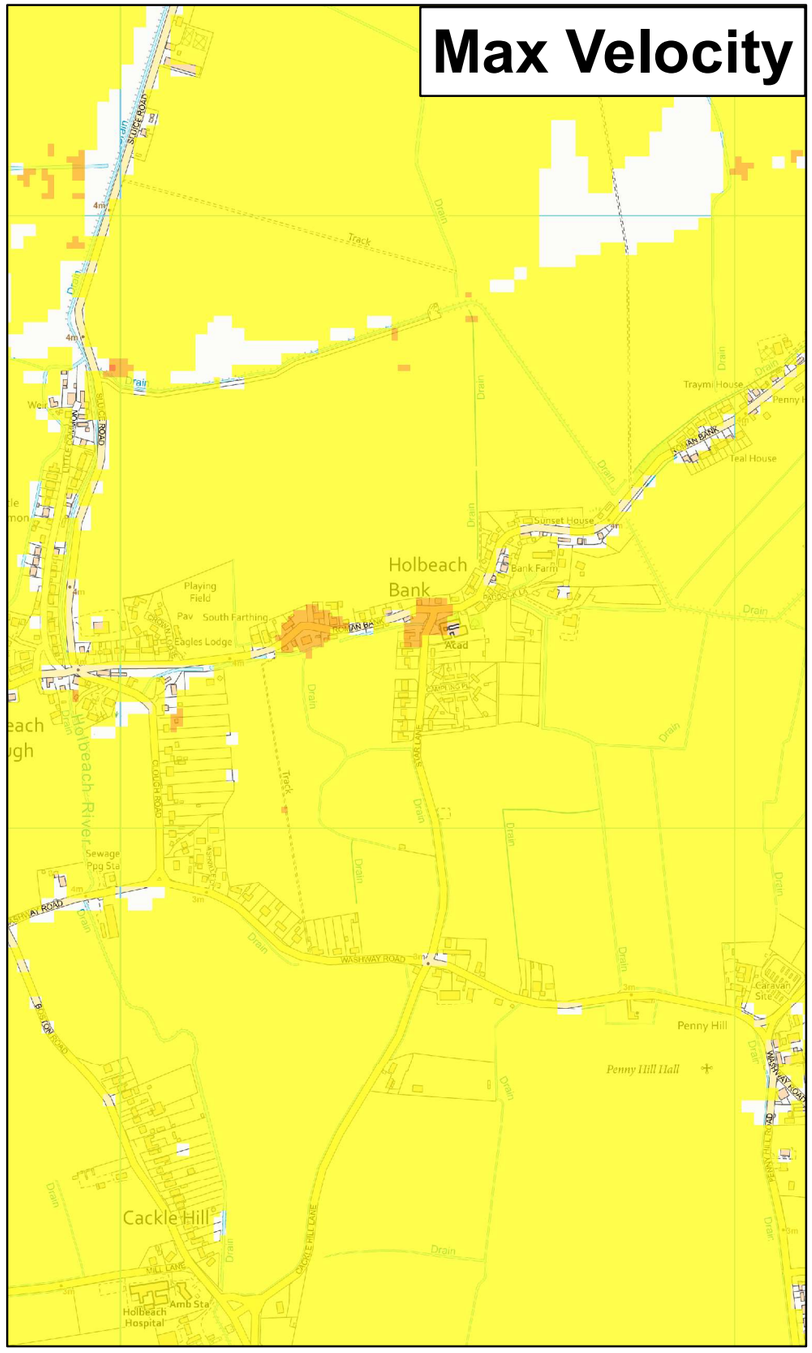
Map Centred on TF 35466 27250

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★ Modelled Breach Locations

- see also the accompanying plan "Location of Modelled Breaches"

Max Hazard
(Flood Risk to People : FD2320)

- Less than 0.75 (Low Hazard)
- Between 0.75 and 1.25 (Danger for Some)
- Between 1.25 and 2.0 (Danger for Most)
- Greater than 2.0 (Danger for All)

Max Depth (m)

- 0 - 0.25
- 0.25 - 0.50
- 0.50 - 1.0
- 1.0 - 1.6
- 1.6 +

Max Velocity (m/s)

- 0 - 0.3
- 0.3 - 1.0
- 1.0 - 1.5
- 1.5 - 2.5
- 2.5 +

Date Printed	May 2025	Scenario year	2115	Scenario Annual Chance	0.5% (1 in 200)	CCN Number	EIR-2025-08264

This map shows the level of flood hazard to people (called a hazard rating) if our flood defences are breached at certain locations, for a range of scenarios. The hazard rating depends on the depth and velocity of floodwater, and maximum values of these are also mapped.

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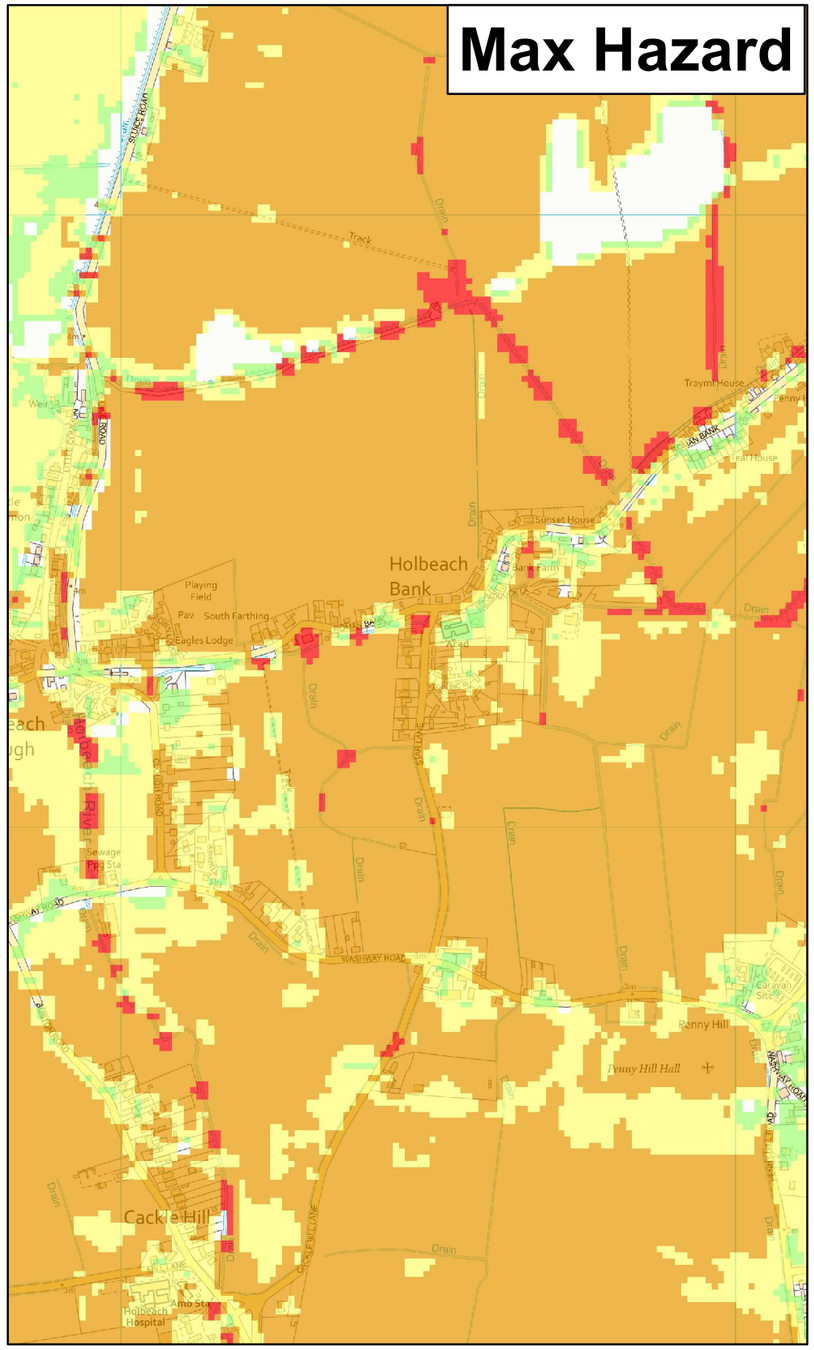
Environment Agency

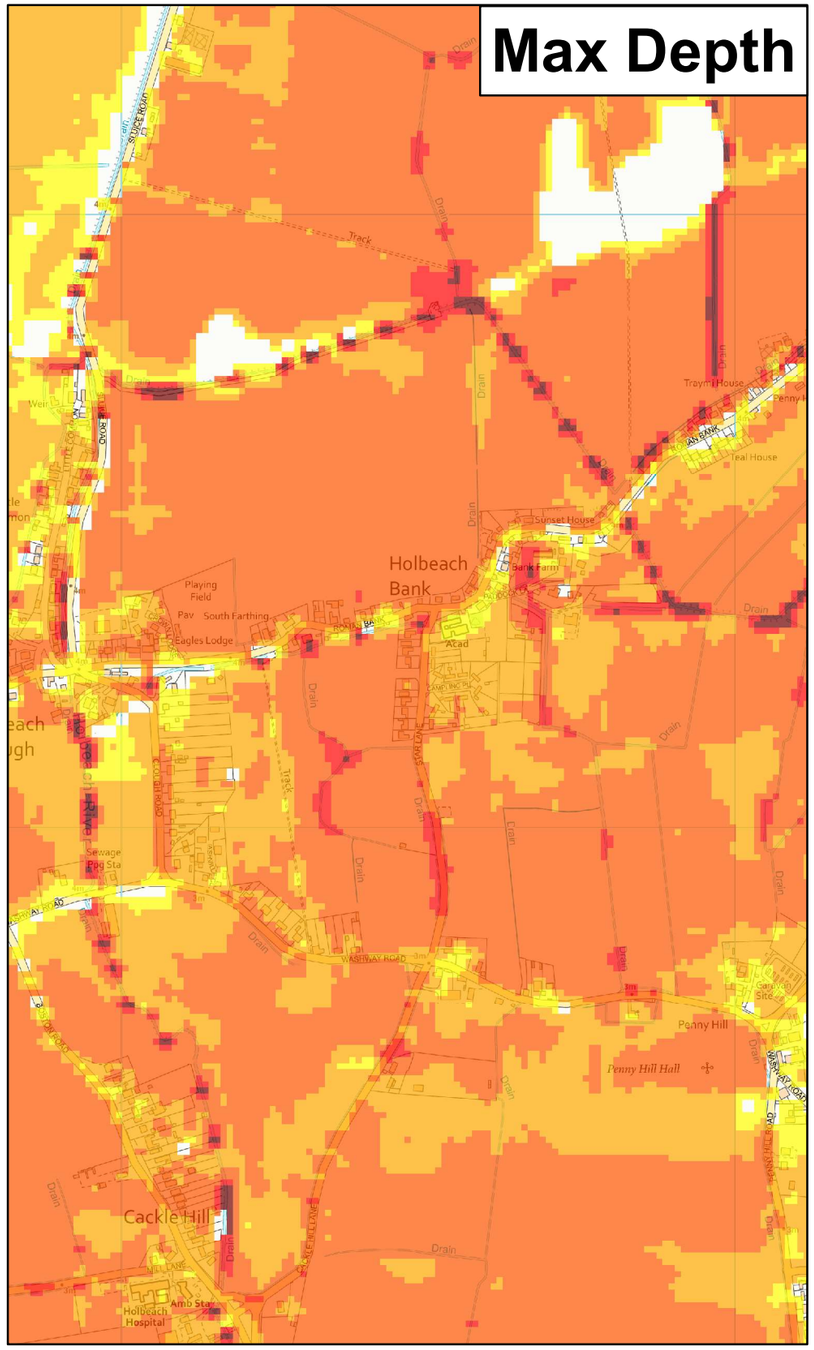
Lincolnshire and Northamptonshire Tidal Breaching Hazard Mapping

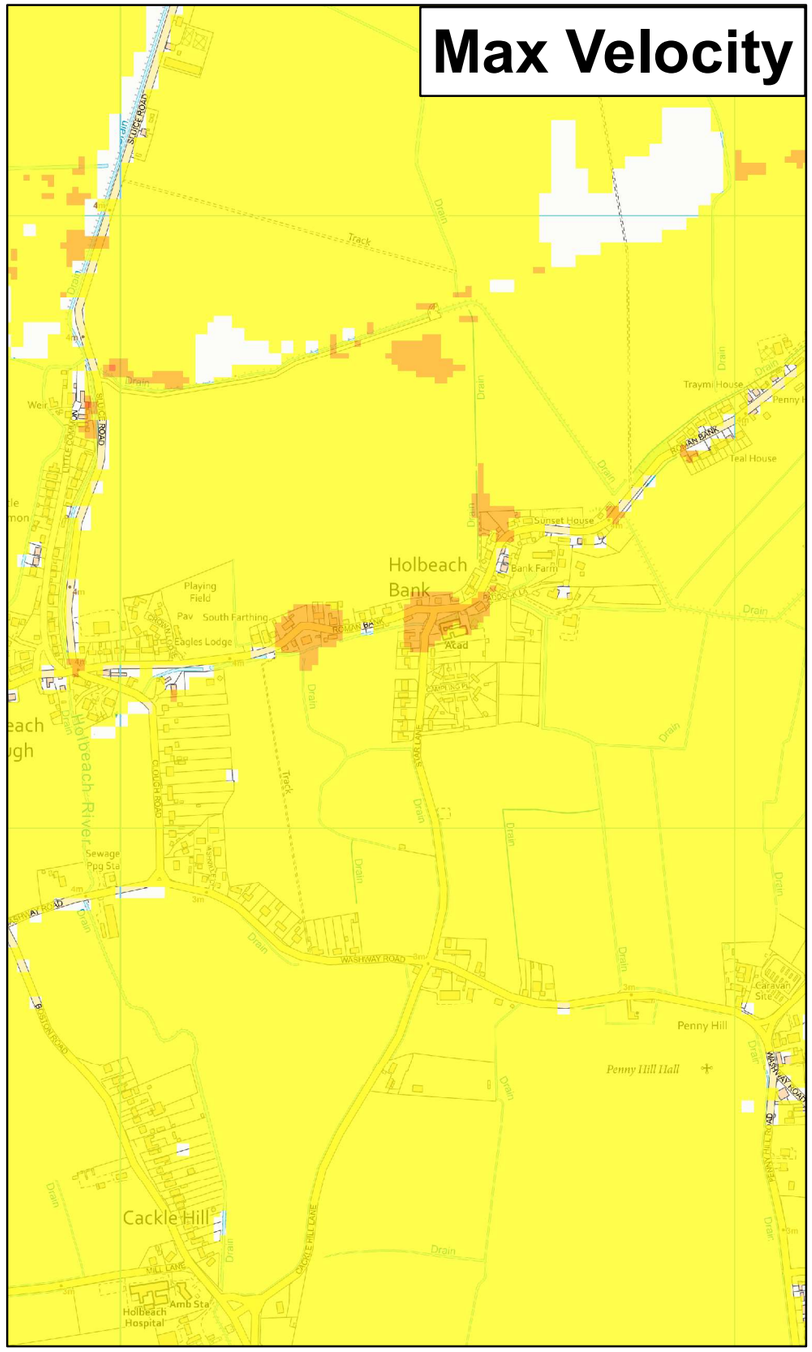
Map Centred on TF 35466 27250

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(Flood Risk to People : FD2320)

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- Greater than 2.0 (Danger for All)

Max Depth (m)

- 0 - 0.25
- 0.25 - 0.50
- 0.50 - 1.0
- 1.0 - 1.6
- 1.6 +

Max Velocity (m/s)

- 0 - 0.3
- 0.3 - 1.0
- 1.0 - 1.5
- 1.5 - 2.5
- 2.5 +

Date Printed	May 2025	Scenario year	2115	Scenario Annual Chance	0.1% (1 in 1000)	CCN Number	EIR-2025-08264

This map shows the level of flood hazard to people (called a hazard rating) if our flood defences are breached at certain locations, for a range of scenarios. The hazard rating depends on the depth and velocity of floodwater, and maximum values of these are also mapped.

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Lincolnshire and Northamptonshire Tidal Breaching Hazard Mapping

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