

Julian Warrick
8 Beech Grove
Donington
Spalding
Lincolnshire
PE11 4XQ

Council Offices
Priory Road
Spalding
Lincolnshire
PE11 2XE
Admin 01775 764723
DC Officers 01775 764703
facsimile 01775 762937
planningadvice@sholland.gov.uk
www.sholland.gov.uk

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 OUTLINE

Reference: H15-1068-17 **Date of Decision:** 8th February 2018
Applicant: Mr & Mrs L A Andrew
70 Main Road
Quadring
Spalding
Lincs
PE11 4PW
Location: 70 Main Road Quadring Spalding
Description: Proposed residential development to include demolition of existing bungalow.

South Holland District Council hereby give notice that this application has been GRANTED (or equivalent) subject to the following condition(s):

- 1 Application for approval of reserved matters must be made not later than three years beginning with the date of this permission, and the development must be begun before the expiration of two years from the final approval of reserved matters or in the case of approval on different dates, the final approval of the last such matter to be approved.

Reason: As required by Section 92 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

- 2 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:
Dwg. No. J085-PL1E (indicative layout), and Flood Risk Assessment (prepared by Geoff Beel Consultancy dated April 2017).

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.

- 3 No development shall take place without the prior written approval of the Local Planning

Authority of all details of the following matters:

- i) the layout, scale and external appearance of building(s), including a schedule of external materials to be used;
- ii) the means of access to the site;
- iii) the landscaping of the site;
- iv) the means of sewage and surface water disposal;
- v) the existing and proposed site levels and floor levels of the buildings and hard surfaced areas.

Reason: The application was submitted in outline only and the above details are required to enable the Local Planning Authority to assess the detailed design, appearance and layout of the development as well as ensure that appropriate access and services are provided to serve the development.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policies SG12, SG13, SG14 and SG18 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006 and national guidance contained in Section 10 of the National Planning Policy Framework, 2012.

- 4 The existing bungalow on the site known as 70 Main Road, Quadring shall be demolished in its entirety before the first of the dwellings hereby permitted are occupied.

Reason: To ensure safe access in and out of the site.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policies SG14 and SG15 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006.

- 5 The development hereby permitted in outline is limited to no more than 5 dwellings, and a maximum combined gross floorspace of no more than 1000sqm.

Reason: The application is approved without planning obligations. A development of greater than 10 dwellings or 1000sqm floorspace would be expected to make such contributions, or demonstrate why they would not be viable, in accordance with national advice contained in the Planning Practice Guidance.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with national guidance on planning obligations contained in the Planning Practice Guidance.

- 6 When application is made to the Local Planning Authority for approval of reserved matters, that application shall be accompanied by a scheme of landscaping and tree planting indicating, inter alia, the number, species, heights on planting and positions of all trees in respect of the land to which that application relates, together with details of post-planting maintenance and such a scheme shall require the approval of the Local Planning Authority before any development is commenced. Such scheme as is approved by the Local Planning Authority shall be carried out in its entirety within a period of twelve months beginning with the date on which development is commenced. All trees, shrubs and bushes shall be maintained by the owner or owners of the land on which they are situated for the period of five years beginning with the date of completion of the scheme and during that period all losses shall be made good as and when necessary.

Note: The applicant is recommended to employ a qualified and experienced landscape designer to produce a landscaping scheme for the development.

Reason: To ensure that the development is adequately landscaped, in the interests of its

visual amenity and that of the area in which it is set. This issue is integral to the development and therefore full details need to be finalised prior to the commencement of works.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policy SG18 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006.

- 7 Prior to its installation, details of the proposed boundary treatment, including a schedule of materials, and details of the size and species of any hedging, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority, and the details so approved shall be implemented in full before the development is first brought into use.

Reason: In the interests of the character and appearance of the development and the visual amenity of the area in which it is set.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policy SG14 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006.

- 8 The trees to be retained on the site shall be protected in accordance with the recommendations within the submitted Arboriculturalist Report, and in particular the following:

A. All trees to be retained should be protected to British Standard BS 5837: 2012 before any heavy equipment is brought on site for clearance. This is to protect tree canopies and also their roots. The roots can easily be damaged due to the effects of soil compaction, which can alter the amount of oxygen and water which reaches them. Feeder roots are generally in the top 18 inches of soil, and there is often a concentration of roots near the canopy drip line. The roots and canopies of those

bordering the site should also be taken into account with respect to this.

B. Cement washings must not be deposited and no equipment should be stored beneath the canopies of trees, nor fires lit beneath trees.

C. Service trenches should not be constructed under the canopies of trees.

D. New drains and soak-aways should be avoided under the canopies of trees.

E. Archaeological excavations should be avoided below the canopies of trees.

F. In the unlikely event that excavation under the tree canopy is unavoidable please note:

i) Excavations must be carried out by hand and any roots encountered over 25 mm in diameter should be retained. (Where possible, smaller roots should also be retained, and great care taken to minimise damage to them). If severance is unavoidable, roots must be cut back using a sharp tool to leave a clean wound to encourage healing.

ii) Exposed roots must not be allowed to dry out during works.

iii) Should the roots be exposed overnight with the likelihood of frost, they must be covered / wrapped with dry sacking for protection. All sacking should be removed before the trench is backfilled.

G. Backfilling.

When backfilling with soil; care must be taken to protect the roots.

i) In a highway situation, or where tar macadam or a hard surface is being laid the addition of a granular material mixed with the topsoil or sharp sand (not builders' sand as it is too fine) around the retained roots is suggested. This should allow the surface to be compacted for resurfacing without damage to the roots, and should secure a local aerated zone enabling the roots to survive in the longer term.

ii) In a non highway situation or where tar macadam or a hard surface is not being used, excavated soil should be backfilled and be lightly 'tamped' and usually left 'proud' to the

surrounding surface to allow natural settlement.

iii) In some circumstances trenches should be backfilled and compacted by hand to minimise the damage to tree roots.

H. The soil levels should not be altered around the base of trees. An increase in soil level around the base of a tree can make conditions adjacent to the trunk damp and suitable for fungal growth. It can also increase the distance for water / gaseous exchange to the tree's roots. Obviously a lowering of the soil level can expose tree roots. Both can be detrimental to the health of the tree.

Reason: To ensure that the loss of wildlife habitat is mitigated as part of the development. This Condition is imposed in accordance with Section 11 of the National Planning Policy Framework 2012.

- 9 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the measures set out in the Flood Risk Assessment (prepared by Geoff Beel Consultancy dated April 2017) forming part of this planning application.

Reason: To ensure that the development does not increase the risk of flooding or be at risk of flooding.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with national guidance contained in Section 10 of the National Planning Policy Framework, 2012.

- 10 No development shall be commenced until full details of a Management Plan for the care and maintenance of all trees on the site has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The trees shall thereafter be maintained in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: To ensure that the trees are maintained to an acceptable standard in the interests of the character and appearance of the development and the visual amenity of the area in which it is set.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policy SG14 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006.

- 11 Details of the means of storage and disposal of refuse and recycling shall be submitted to and be approved by the Local Planning Authority and the development shall not commence in advance of that approval. The approved scheme shall be fully implemented before the first occupation of the development and shall thereafter be retained.

Reason: To ensure that adequate facilities are made available for refuse storage and disposal to avoid pollution, to protect residential amenity, and in the interests of the appearance of the site and the area within which it is set. This issue is integral to the development and therefore full details need to be finalised prior to the commencement of works.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policies SG13 and SG17 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006.

- 12 Details of the design and positions of all external boxes for gas and electricity supplies and of any gas flues and soil vent pipes shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority prior to their installation and there shall be no variation from

the details so approved.

Reason: To ensure that the Local Planning Authority retains control over these details of the development in the interests of the character and appearance of the development and the visual amenity of the area in which it is set.

This Condition is imposed in accordance with Policy SG14 of the South Holland Local Plan, 2006.

Notes:

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing it against all material considerations, including national guidance, planning policies and representations that have been received during the public consultation exercise, and by identifying matters of concern within the application and negotiating, with the Applicant, acceptable amendments to the proposal to address those concerns. As a result, the Local Planning Authority has been able to grant planning permission for an acceptable proposal.

This decision notice, the relevant accompanying report and the determined plans can be viewed online at <http://planning.sholland.gov.uk/OcellaWeb/planningSearch>



Paul Jackson
Place Manager
South Holland District Council

BUILDING REGULATIONS:

This decision refers only to planning permission as granted under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. The works that you are proposing may also require Building Regulations and this planning permission does not give authority under Building Regulations to commence work. Please contact the Building Control section for further information on 01775 764557 or bcadmin@sholland.gov.uk

RIGHTS OF APPEAL

Appeals to the Secretary of State

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your Local Planning Authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or grant consent subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 or Section 20 of the Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.

Timescales for appealing

The deadlines for appeals are calculated from the **date of decision** and are as follows for the types of applications below:

12 Weeks	6 Months	8 Weeks
Householder Applications	Planning Permission	Consent to Display Adverts
Minor Commercial Development	Listed Building Consent	
Agricultural Determinations	Other Prior Approval Applications	
Householder Prior Approval Applications		

Enforcement Notices

If an enforcement notice was served prior to the planning application being determined then the deadline for appealing is 28 days from the date of the **planning refusal**

If an enforcement notice is served after the planning application is determined then the deadline for appealing is 28 days from the date of the **enforcement notice OR the timescales stated above for each application type** from the date of the planning refusal - whichever is sooner.

All appeals must be made using an Appeal Form which you can get from The Planning Inspectorate at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Bristol, BS1 6PN (tel: 0303 444 5000) or you can submit your appeal online at:

<http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals/online/makeanappeal>

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions it imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the

provisions of the development order and to any directions given under the order. In practice the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based its decision on a direction given by him.

For detailed information on appeals, appeal types and guidance on the appeals process please visit:

<http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/appeals/planningappeals>

Purchase Notices

If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grant it subject to conditions the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor can he render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

In these circumstances the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of the Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 or Section 32 of the Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.

Compensation

In certain circumstances compensation may be claimed from the Local Planning Authority if permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on reference of the application to him.

These circumstances are set out in Section 114 and related provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and Section 27 of the Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.