

DECISION DELEGATED TO DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

Application No: H16-0940-19 **Applicant:** Triton Property Fund
Proposal: Details of archaeological investigation (Condition 3 of H16-0290-19)
Location: Land Between: Camel Gate & Roman Bank Spalding
Terminal Date: 14th November 2019

Planning Policies

South East Lincolnshire Local Plan - Adopted: March 2019

29 The Historic Environment

National Guidance

National Planning Policy Framework 2019

Section 16 - Conserving and enhancing the historic environment

Representations:

	Object	Support	No Obj.	Comments
IAN MARSHMAN, HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT OFFICER	0	0	0	1

CASE OFFICER ASSESSMENT

Proposal

This is an application to discharge Condition 3 (details of archaeological investigation) of H16-0290-19 (proposed relocation of the existing National Farmers Union Mutual Offices (Class B1a) on land between Camel Gate & Roman Bank, Spalding).

Site Description

The application site currently accommodates the existing Springfields Horticultural Society premises, which includes an office building, storage unit and associated car parking. These are not of any historic or architectural merit. Roman Bank is to the north-west with agricultural land beyond this. Camel Gate is to the east which currently provides vehicular access into the site as well as the Springfields Events and Conference Centre on the opposite side of the road. To the south of the site is a vacant, hard-surfaced area of land and to the south-west is the main customer car park of the Springfields Outlet Centre. The north-western boundary is lined by tall Leylandii trees.

History

H16-0290-19 - Proposed relocation of the existing National Farmers Union Mutual Offices (Class B1a)

Consultation Responses

LCC Historic Environment Officer - No objection.

Planning Considerations

LCC's Historic Environment Officer has no objections to the submitted Written Scheme of Investigation and, overall, it is considered that the submitted information in respect of Condition 3 of H16-0290-19 is acceptable.

Additional Considerations

Public Sector Equality Duty

In making this decision the Authority must have regard to the public sector equality duty (PSED) under s.149 of the Equalities Act. This means that the Council must have due regard to the need (in discharging its functions) to:

A. Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.

B. Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not. This may include removing or minimising disadvantages suffered by persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic; taking steps to meet the special needs of those with a protected characteristic; encouraging participation in public life (or other areas where they are underrepresented) of people with a protected characteristic(s).

C. Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not including tackling prejudice and promoting understanding.

The protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

The PSED must be considered as a relevant factor in making this decision but does not impose a duty to achieve the outcomes in s.149. It is only one factor that needs to be considered, and may be balanced against other relevant factors.

It is not considered that the recommendation in this case will have a disproportionately adverse impact on a protected characteristic.

Human Rights

In making a decision, the Authority should be aware of and take into account any implications that may arise from the Human Rights Act 1998. Under the Act, it is unlawful for a public authority such as South Holland District Council to act in a manner that is incompatible with the European Convention on Human Rights. The Authority is referred specifically to Article 8 (right to respect for private and family life) and Article 1 of the First Protocol (protection of property).

It is not considered that the recommendation in this case interferes with local residents' right to respect for their private and family life, home and correspondence, except insofar as it is necessary to protect the rights and freedoms of others (in this case, the rights of the applicant). The Council is also permitted to control the use of property in accordance with the general public interest and the recommendation is considered to be a proportionate response to the submitted application based on the considerations set out in this report.

Conclusion

Taking the above into account it is considered that Condition 3 of H16-0290-19 can be discharged.