

**FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT
FOR RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT
AT 62 NEW ROAD, SUTTON BRIDGE, LINCS.**

FINAL REPORT

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GCB/STURGEON

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 A full planning application has been submitted by Matt Sturgeon on behalf of Mr Richard Seaman for proposed residential development at plot adjacent to 62 New Road, Sutton Bridge.
- 1.2 Planning approval requires a Flood Risk Assessment to accompany the planning application for approval by the Environment Agency and meet the requirements and general principles contained in Paragraph 9 of the Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).

The site, as situated is shown within Flood Zone 3 of the Environment Agency Flood Zone Maps. The latest Agency Maps have been created to raise awareness of flood risk with the public and partner organisations such as Local Authorities, Emergency Services and Drainage Authorities. The Maps do not take into account any existing flood defences.

The site is however also shown within a present day defended area of the South Holland District Council's Strategic Flood Risk Assessment Maps and located in the South Holland Internal Drainage Board district.

- 1.3 Geoff Beel Consultancy was appointed on 7th August 2015 to undertake the Flood Risk Assessment.
- 1.4 A previous Flood Risk Assessment prepared by the author in February 2011 received approval by the Environment Agency as part of outline planning approval ref. H18-0114-11 dated 16th May 2011.

However, additional Tidal Hazard Mapping is nowadays available and the Environment Agency has objected to the full planning application as the original Flood Risk Assessment does not fully take into account the risks of flooding during the lifetime of the development.

2.0 LOCATION

- 2.1 The development site is located on the east side of New Road being west of the River Nene tidal defences at Sutton Bridge. The National Grid Reference of the central point of the site is TF 47952160.
- 2.2 The position and extent of the site is shown on Fig 1 – Location Plan at the end of the document.
- 2.3 The site, located within the South Holland Internal Drainage Board area is shown within Flood Zone 3 as detailed on the Environment Agency Flood Zone Maps and in a present day defended area of the Council's Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (2010).

3.0 THE SITE AND SEQUENTIAL TEST

- 3.1 The site is currently garden adjacent to 62 New Road.
- 3.2 The area of development is 0.04 hectare with proposed vehicular access to New Road. Land level at the site is 3.35m with New Road carriageway level at 3.76m aOD.
- 3.3 The proposed site layout consists the construction of a two-storey dwelling.
- 3.4 The Sequential Test and Exception Test will require to be applied by the Local Planning Authority but the development may be permitted as the site is protected against both the 1 in 100 year fluvial and 1 in 200 year tidal events meeting the requirements of NPPF.

The Sequential Test is met as previous outline planning approval was determined on 16th May 2011.

4.0 EXISTING FLOOD ALLEVIATION MEASURES

- 4.1 The site is within a defended floodplain, as defined in Appendix 1 of the Environment Agency's 'Policy for the Protection of Floodplains' and is considered to be passive until such time as a flood greater than that for which the defences were designed occurs. The likelihood of flooding due to overtopping or failure of a flood defence embankment is considered to be small.

The South Holland Internal Drainage Board area at Sutton Bridge is protected by the west embankment of the River Nene tidal defences at a level of 6.30m aOD.

- 4.2 The site and surrounding areas of development drain in a generally northerly direction to discharge into the tidal River Nene as part of the Westmere catchment of the Internal Drainage Board.
- 4.3 The existing standard of drainage for the South Holland Internal Drainage Board is 1 in 50 years return period, compatible with the Department of the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs target level of service for rural drainage and flood defence works. Freeboard of 900mm is provided to the lowest land levels.
- 4.4 Current maintenance standards within the South Holland Internal Drainage Board and of the Environment Agency tidal defences are generally very good.

During the operation and maintenance of its pumping stations, associated structures and channel systems, particularly those that could affect property, the Board seeks to maintain a general standard capable of providing flood protection to its district. A routine maintenance programme is in place to ensure that the Boards assets are commensurate with the standard of protection that is sought. However, bank slips, blocked culverts etc may occur from time to time and these matters are usually dealt with promptly.

5.0 POTENTIAL SOURCES OF FLOODING

5.1 Four potential sources of flooding have been identified as a result of this assessment:

- a) local blockages to existing sewerage
- b) local blockages to IDB main drain
- c) storm return period of 1 in 50 years being exceeded
- d) overtopping of River Nene tidal defences at Sutton Bridge

5.2 The probability of flooding from sources a) and b) is low due to the maintenance standards already achieved and managed by Anglian Water Services Ltd and the IDB.

The probability of flooding from c) is also low due to the South Holland IDB main drain design standard incorporating a minimum 900mm freeboard to the lowest land level which provides adequate storage in events greater than 1 in 50 years.

5.3 Previous historic rainfall events of 1968 and 1978, estimated to be greater than 1 in 100 year events, caused no flooding to any residential properties at the time and the Boards policy is to provide a standard of drainage which satisfies NPPF requirements of a 1 in 100 year return period for fluvial protection inclusive of the effects of climate change and development. The Boards policy regarding the connection of future developments to the arterial system enables a flexible approach to be adopted and meet the criteria for “sustainable urban drainage”.

5.4 The possible overtopping and breaching of the tidal River Nene defences at Sutton Bridge is also considered to be low. The Environment Agency has carried out the River Nene Strategic Study Report (1995) and concluded that the defences provide a level of protection against 1 in 200 years period tidal event.

5.5 Tidal Hazard Mapping is shown in Fig 5 of this assessment. The site is shown as affected by floodwaters of between 1.00-1.60m depth as a result of a breach to the Sutton Bridge defences.

To meet the Environment Agency requirements the following minimum mitigation measures should be included in the development proposals.

For areas where flood depths are 1.0 – 1.6m

Proposals must be a minimum of 2 storeys. Finished floor level (FFL) should be set a minimum of 1.0m above ground level with flood resilient construction incorporated to a minimum height of 300mm above the predicted flood level. In addition, demountable defences to a height of 600mm should be installed on all external ground floor doorways.

Floor level of the proposed two-storey dwelling will be raised 1.00m above existing ground level at 4.35m aOD with flood resilient measures incorporated into the design and construction up to 300mm above finished floor level . Safe refuge will be available at first floor level in the event of flooding. Demountable defences to a height of 600mm above finished floor level should be installed on all external ground floor doorways.

6.0 EXTENT OF KNOWN FLOODING

- 6.1 During the preparation of this assessment, evidence was discovered of part of the site being flooded and adjoining properties during the tidal surge event of January 1978 since when tidal defences have been raised and strengthened to a 1 in 200 year standard of protection.

The more recent tidal surge event of 5th December 2013 reached a level of 6.00m aOD and the town and surrounding areas were protected by the improved defences.

7.0 PROBABILITIES AND TRENDS OF FLOODING

- 7.1 The probability of this development flooding from localised drainage systems is very low.
- 7.2 The probability of the site flooding with water from any South Holland main drain is less than 1% because of the standards of the existing flood defence systems, storage within existing drainage channels and the location of the site.
- 7.3 The probability of the site flooding within the next 100 years with tidal waters from any main river system is less than 0.5% because of the standards of the existing flood defences and the location of the site
- 7.4 If under very extreme events, levels of floodwater from the South Holland main drains or arterial systems rose to such an extent that the site was affected, the situation would not be sudden. It is very probable that sufficient time would be available to take precautionary actions to limit the extent and potential impact of flooding.
- 7.5 The water levels in the drainage channels will tend to rise as a result of the impacts of climate change. However the existing systems and defences together with the raising of floor levels 1.00m above existing ground level will be appropriate for the design life of the development (i.e. 100 years).

8.0 IMPACTS OF FLOODING

- 8.1 No significant impacts of flooding are anticipated.
- 8.2 Floor levels of the development will be 1.00m above existing ground levels offering additional protection against impacts arising from any extreme short duration, localised events.

- 8.3 The general location of the site within the catchment is such that if flooding occurred from any of the South Holland main drain systems, then probably 2 to 3 days warning time would be available.
- 8.4 The developer should ensure that the eventual occupiers of the dwelling are sufficiently aware of the risk of flooding and the standard of the existing defences. The Environment Agency provides a Flood Warning Service which includes Flood Warning Codes and uses direct warning methods where the risks and impacts of flooding are high. Indirect warnings are provided to all flood risk areas, even those at low risk of flooding. The main method is media broadcasts via local radio and also be television.

In addition to direct and indirect flood warnings, the Environment Agency operates a 24 hour a day Floodline Service providing advice and information on flooding, contact tel no.: 0845 988 1188 and the occupiers of the dwelling should register with the Floodline Direct Warning Service to receive any future flood warnings.

- 8.5 If any future flood warning is received, safe access/egress to evacuate the property would be available onto New Road in a southerly direction to Bridge Road and Sutton Bridge village centre where land is located in Flood Zone 1.

9.0 RESIDUAL RISK – EXTREME EVENTS

- 9.1 The residual risk from extreme events is medium to high on this site, because of its location, existing tidal flood defences and the standard of surface water drainage already provided.
- 9.2 Although within Flood Zone 3 according to NPPF classification, the site actually has a present day very low risk of flooding due to the current standards of drainage and flood defence and land levels. The site is not located within a Functional Flood Plain of any 'main river' or 'main drain'. The Environment Agency Flood Zone Maps have been produced irrespective of existing flood defences and standards of protection.
- 9.3 South Holland District Council in conjunction with the Environment Agency and the local IDB's within the Council area have recently completed a Strategic Flood Risk Assessment of the whole District by appointed Consulting Engineers.

The Strategic Flood Risk Assessment has produced more definitive Flood Risk Maps than those published by the Environment Agency and at the same time has analysed flood return periods of all tidal and fluvial defences for 2115 to account for the effects of climate change.

Breach scenarios of embankments failing and/or being overtopped have also been carried out to establish Flood Risk Zones.

- 9.4 As a result of the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment the South Holland IDB area has been determined as providing present day protection against a 1 in 100 year return period event whilst the River Nene tidal defences at Sutton Bridge provide protection against a 1 in 200 year return period event.

10.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

10.1 As a result of the assessment, the following conclusions have been reached:-

- The proposed development is not in a Functional Floodplain. It is located in the Passive Floodplain protected by River Nene tidal defences to a 1 in 200 year return period, (0.5%) and South Holland IDB fluvial defences of 1 in 100 year return period (1.0%).
- As a result of the South Holland District Council Strategic Flood Risk Assessment the site is in a defended area, the actual risk of site flooding from any South Holland IDB main drain system is low.
- Although the site is located within an Internal Drainage District with a minimum standard of drainage of 1 in 50 years, this accords with Defra guidelines for rural development. Freeboard to design water level of 900mm to lowest land level is available for events greater than 1 in 50 years providing further storage within the drainage channels. The Boards policy is to continue to provide a standard of drainage of 1 in 100 year return.
- On site surface water drainage will be discharged via existing sewerage of Anglian Water Services Ltd and hence to a South Holland IDB main drain.
- Floor level of the dwelling will be raised 1.00m above existing ground level with sleeping accommodation only on the first floor. Flood resilient measures will be incorporated into the design and construction of the dwelling up to 300mm above finished floor level. Demountable defences should be installed to a height of 600mm above finished floor level on all external ground floor doorways.
- Safe refuge in the event of flooding will be available at first floor level.
- Safe access/egress to evacuate the property is available onto New Road in a southerly direction to Bridge Road and Sutton Bridge village centre where land is in Flood Zone 1.